The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. XXVIII--NO. 218. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

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GEORGE

DeWald

AND

COMPANY.

MISS ROSE ELIZABETH CLEVELAND has been greatly annoyed recently by the publication of a book on etiquette which is advertised as from her pen. The impression is produced that Miss Cleveland has viewed the contents as well as written the introduction, and authorized the use of her portrait, and it is further said that the compiler of the book is indorsed by Miss Cleveland. As a matter of fact the latter never heard of the person before, and has not authorized the use of her portrait, which was made exclusively for "The Ladies of the White House," and copyrighted with that book and separately. Miss Cleveland has protested against the use of her name in connection with a publication she never saw, but all the same the agents are traveling over the country with the book and selling it on the strength of her name.

Col. W. H. Tallmage, general Indian agent of the United States government, is in Peru effecting a final settlement with the Eel River Miami Indians of Miami county, now numbering twenty-two persons. This the last and final payment to be made to them under the treaties of August 2, 1795, August 23, 1805, and September 30, 1809, aggregating a total of $22,000 or a per capita of $846.15. Considerable trouble is being experienced regarding appointments of guardians, etc., of the children. The greatest amount to any one family is that to Louisa Godfroy, wife of Peter Godfroy, and daughter of Shin-go quah, who received $5,076.90. This bare handful of twenty-six persons represent a once great and powerful tribe.

Ayer's Ague Cure acts directly on the liver and biliary apparatus, and drives out the malarial poison which induces liver complaints and bilious disorders. Warranted to cure. Try it.

Remember that the place to get your guns, fishing tackles and base balls is at Max G. Lade's. It

LAND EXCURSIONS

Via the Pennsylvania Lines.

Land Explorers' Excursion tickets, at low round trip rates, will be sold on September 11th and 25th via the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg to representative points in Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Indian Territory, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and return passage within thirty days from date of sale.

Further information can be secured by calling on or addressing the passenger or ticket agent in your vicinity of the Pennsylvania company. m&ftd

Westminster Annex.

The principals of Westminster Seminary will open a preparatory school for boys over ten years of age, Monday, Sept. 17. The special teachers of the seminary will give instruction in their branches. Boys prepared for college or fitted for business. Notice of location will be given later. For particulars inquire at the seminary. 11-tf.

Leave orders for angel food and any kind of cake, wedding or private use, and have them promptly delivered or made to order, at Barcus bakery, 96 Calhoun street. 10-3t

Just received at Mergentheim's Bazaar 2,000 new Felt Hat in all the leading and newest shapes and colors at very low prices. Call and examine the immense stock of ribbons, fancy feathers, tips, plumes, etc. at Mergentheim's Bazaar, Second Floor.

THE VETERANS.

Their Encampment at Ohio's Capital —Commander-in-Chief Rea Delivers the Annual Address.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 12.—The encampment properly began this morning. The grand army of the republic, Women's relief corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., the Army of West Virginia and other brigade and regimental associations met in various parts of the city, but the encampments are strictly secret, the members only being admitted.

In the course of his annual addres, Commander-in-Chief Rea says:

March 31, 1887, the total membership of the order in good standing was 320,936, and March 31, 1888, it was 354,216, making the net gain of comrades in good standing during the year, embraced bebraced between those dates, of 33,280, an excess of 7,781 over the net gain.

The reports for the quarter ending June 30 show a gain by the muster of 12,722, and the total membership in good standing at 361,362, with a loss from delinquent reports of 6,663, all of whom, it may be assured, are in good standing in their respective posts. Omitting the loss from the delinquent reports the net gain during the last quarter was 14,109.

The reports show on June 30 there were 395,245 comrades names on the rolls to which may safely be added sufficient number out on transfer cards to swell the grand total to 400,000.

He endorsed the legislation proposed by the last encampment, which failed to pass congress, and expressed his desire for further action in the same line. During the year 4,433 comrades had died.

He continued: During the past year the reports show there was expended in charity $215,975.19. This does not include the many thousands of dollars given by the members privately in aid of the less fortunate comrades.

Other national officers submitted reports at the morning session.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

How the Vote Stood Four Years ago and Stands To-day.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 12.—The vote of Maine for governor in September and for president in November in 1884 was as follows:

GOVERNOR.		PRESIDENT.	
Rep.	77,779	Rep.	71,716
Democrat	58,070	Democrat	51,656
Greenback	3,147	Greenback	3,994
Prohibition	1,157	Prohibition	2,160
R plurality	19,709	R plurality	20,000

THE VOTE THIS YEAR.

The semi-official returns from all parts of the state, so far received, place the republican plurality this year at about 19,000, just an average vote.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 12.—The returns from all but a few plantations in the second congressional district give Dingley, republican, 20,719; Allen, democrat, 15,219; Eustis, prohibition, 709; Hoard, labor, 668. The republican gain is 1,743 from two years ago.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 12.—Chairman Brice, of the national democratic committee, was in the city this morning, en route to Columbus. He said: "We do not consider we lost ground in Main. The situation there was a peculiar one with the fishing question, the lumber argument and the tariff question generally. Although the state was against us we still have an increased democratic vote."

A FATAL FALL.

Mrs. Am. Miller Will Die From Severe Injuries.

Mrs. Am. Miller, an aged lady, residing out in Milan township, sustained injuries in a fall yesterday that will cause her death.

Mrs. Miller is blind and was going out into the yard yesterday when she missed her footing and feel down a stairway, inflicting fatal internal injuries.

Lafayette Man Drowned at Port Huron.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 12—Ex-Mayor Furman E. D. McGinley last night received a telegram from Port Huron announcing the drowning, this afternoon, of his son-in-law, John W. Beasley, of this city. Mr. Beasley and family went to Port Huron a couple of weeks ago for recreation. Mr. Beasley was a member of the Lafayette bar, and well known in this part of the state.

Boy Run Over and Killed.

MARION, Sept. 12.—This morning a fifteen-year-old son of John Turner was run over by a log wagon, four miles west of here, and killed.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Indiana.—Fair, except local rains on lakes. Cooler northwesterly winds.

CONVENTION DAY.

The Democrats of the Empire State Meet at Buffalo and the Greenbackers at Cincinnati.

BUFFALO, Sept. 12.—The democratic state convention was called to order at 12:50 by Edward Murphy, jr., the chairman of the state committee. The temporary officers elected were: George Raines, of Monroe, Chairman; Charles A Defreest, secretary, and Thomas F. Gilroy, Wm. E. Delaney and Joseph E. Newburger, reading secretaries.

The usual committees were appointed and a recess taken until in the evening.

There is every indication that the convention will renominate Governor Hill.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept., 12.—In response to a call the nationanal convention of the greenback party met to-day and issued an address to the American people. George O. Sones, the delegate from New York says: "The issuing of this address will be the chief business transacted by the convention. It is not likely a ticket will be put in the field."

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—The republican state convention assembled to-day and was called to order by Chairman Barden.

Resolutions were passed recommending the adoption of just and reasonable laws to regulate the traffic and deploring the efforts of some people to prohibit the traffic.

Oliver Ames was nominated for governor.

DENVER, Sept. 12.—On the reassembling of the democratic state convention this morning Hon. F. M. Patterson was nominated for governor by acclamation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The delegates to the Liquor Dealers National protective association reassembled this morning. J. M. Atherton, of Kentucky, and C. McK. Looser, of New York, were elected president and vice-president of the association for the ensuing year.

REFUNDING BONDS.

How the Business is Transacted and by Whom.

Last night the city council passed an ordinance authorizing the refunding of $299,000 city bonds which fall due this year.

They are the railroad appropriation bonds issued by former councils. They fall due in a bunch, and, of course, it would be unjust and impolitic to pay them or collect such an amount at present from the tax payers, for the burden should fall on other generations as well as ours, for they will reap equal reward.

The present bonds draw 6 per cent. interest. Thanks to the splendid financial condition of our city affairs, the new bonds can be sold at a premium for 4½ per cent., to run twenty-five years.

The first thing is to have printed 299 lithograph bonds with interest coupons attached. The bonds are for $1,000 each and each require the signatures of the mayor and clerk fifty-one times, or 15,349 signitures in all from Mr. Muhler and Mr. Rockhill.

When duly signed Treasurer Berghoff will notify the council and it names a committee to sell the bonds on the best terms possible. Mayor Muhler has written some 200 letters to bankers and brokers and expects lively competition for the city papers.

SAM DALLY.

The Head Waiter at the Aveline House Stricken Down.

Mr. Sam Dally, the head waiter at the Aveline house, has long been in ill health.

While seated at the dinner table of the hotel to-day he was stricken with paralysis and fell helpless to the floor. He is entirely disabled, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

He is attended by Drs. Greenewalt and Porter at his room in the hotel.

Wreck on the Nickel Plate.

BELLEVUE, Ohio, Sept. 12.—A freight train wreck on the Nickel Plate road here yesterday smashed up both engines and piled up seven freight cars. Loss nearly $1,000.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Wheat firm, at 90¼c. Corn firm, at 45½c. Oats steady, at 24⅛c. Rye, 54½c. Pork firm, at $14.40. Lard steady, at $9.95. Sepber short ribs, $8.70.

TOLEDO, Sept. 12.—Wheat, higher and steady, at 93½@95c. Corn firm, at 46½c bid. Oats firm, at 24½c bid. Clover seed higher, at $4.95.

The people of Fort Wayne seldom have the opportunity to respond to so worthy a cause as the coming railroad and factory fair. The people who are charitably inclined will please remember it.

WASHINGTON.

The House Considering the Appropriation Bill—The President Sends in a Batch of Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The house resumed consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

President Cleveland has nominated Lambert Tree, of Illinois, new minister to Belgium, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Russia, vice George V. N. Lothrop, resigned. Edward B. Cornell is named for consul of the United States at Batavia. Howard Martin, of New York, is appointed secretary of the legation to China, and Charles K. Halliday, of Kansas, secretary of the legation to Venezulea.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

To-morrow is pay-day on the Grand Rapids road.

A contract has been let for the piping of gas to Peru.

Mr. Harry Borden returns this evening to his western home.

Supt. C. D. Law and his sons returned from the east at noon.

The presidential election takes place November 6—eight weeks from yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kuhns are moving into their new home on Fairfield avenue.

John Forbing sub-divides Hanna's out lot 13, into eight lots and has filed a plat of the same.

Contracts have been let and Wabash will have gas piped from the fields lying ten miles south of the city.

Nicholas F. Beckman sues Phillip Adair, et al., for $150, on a note. Spencer & Jenkinson are attorneys.

Mr. and Mrs. Kanay, of William street, will leave next Monday to visit their parents at Independenee, O.

The funeral of Miss Gusta Schlenker occurs Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence, 51 Wells street.

The two-weeks old child of Mr. August Balls, of 94 West Main street, died last night and was buried this afternoon.

The Keg club will indulge in a clay pigeon shoot to-morrow. There is also some significance in the name of the club.

A cold and clammy prespiration stands out upon the average Huntingtonian. A tented "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe is headed for that city.

Mrs. Dora Weigh, Miss Sallie Hoine, of Altoona, Pa., and Mrs. Jennie Piper, returned from Chicago last evening after a weeks pleasant visit.

W. G. Merriman, Youngstown, Ohio; B. W. Green, St. Louis; Charles A. Clark, Logansport; J. E. Wier, Bluffton, are guests of the Aveline.

Geo. H. Viberg, as sheriff, has sold to John Orff, what is known as the old mill property, on West Main street, for $15,025. This was to clear up the title.

John F. Owens has sold to Geo. Todd lot 58 Brandri9's addition, for $700. Henry C. Hanna has sold to John Forbing lot 11, Hanna's addition, for $180.

The case of James Bush, et al., vs. Hypolite Gerardin, has been appealed from Judge Ryan to the circuit court. P. B. Colerick & H. C. Hanna are attorneys.

Mr. Frank M. Leonard, of the Gazette editorial staff, returned last night from the northwest the picture of health. Mr. Leonard is personally very popular, and was royally welcomed.

Thos. Murray, a two-months old child living at the St. Vincent's Orphan's Home, died last night. The body was sent for burial to Logansport, where the father lives.

Hon. T. B. Byrnes, Evansville, I. N. Richie and W. B. Vestal, Indianapolis, Geo. Squibb, Lawrenceburg, M. T. Skiff, in advance of W. J. Scanlan, Geo. F. Williams, Cleveland, are guests of the Wayne.

President C. J. Sosenheimer asks the democratic first voters of the Seventh ward to meet at the fire engine house up there to-morrow, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. It is to be an important meeting.

The Spy Run avenue bridge is almost ready to drive over, and will certainly be in use next Sunday. It is a great structure, and Commissioner Branman has given every detail of its construction his personal attention.

Hon. Tom Byrnes, of Evansville, and democratic candidate for state treasurer, is in the city. He is a very popular gentleman and has as many friends in Fort Wayne as any public man in the state. Mr. Byrnes says the democratic outlook is very good. He has no doubt whatever, of the success of the ticket, and says the democrats were never in better shape than now.

THE Earl of Buckinghamshire, who by the way should not be confounded with the Duke of Buckingham, was a $15-a-month farm laborer in this country some seven years ago. He was then Lord Hobart, and so absolutely impecunious that he preferred to sink his rank and seek his living in this country to living in genteel poverty in his own.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

To Be Given for a Soldiers' Home if Cleveland's Message is for Free Trade.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept 12.—W. M. Carson, the wealthy and eccentric president of the Valley Lumber company, and a life-long democrat, is about to offer to place $10,000 in cash in the hands of Governor Rusk to be given to disabled ex-union soldiers in case a committee of three, to be composed of two republican circuit judges and one republican justice of the supreme court of Wisconsin, will say, upon due consideration, that Cleveland's last annual message is a free trade document. He will publish this offer next next Saturday in an address to the voters of the United States in New York and other leading journals.

ECHOES OF THE RAIL.

The Story of the Day's Doings Told as It Is Gathered During a Morning Round of the Busy Centers.

The Bass machine shops are still engaged in placing their new machinery.

The wheel department of the Bass works resumed operations again this morning.

G. W. Stevens, assistant superintendent of the Wabash, was in the city again last night.

The Jenney electric light works will put in a big incandescent light plant at Baltimore, Md.

Arthur Dougall, clerk at the Bass foundry, has recovered from his illness and resumed work.

The new boiler rooms of White's wheel works are now occupied and the works are running at full blast.

Mr. J. H. Studor, the well known Nickel Plate engineer, is at Columbus, O., attending the encampment.

Mr. John E. Ross, the Pittsburg ticket agent is at Cincinnati and will visit his old home at Lebanon before he returns.

C. L. Daseler, the clerk at the Pittsburg car shops, has returned from a trip to Pittsburg and Allegheny City, Pa.

James Trythall, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, has returned from a trip to Maryland and some of the eastern cities.

Engines Nos. 166, 182 and 236 were received at the Pittsburg shops yesterday for repairs and No. 200 left after being put in good shape.

Officer O'Ryan had a $2.50 hat entirely demolished by a crazy woman yesterday whom he was taking from the Pittsburg depot to the City hospital.

The convention of the brotherhood of locomotive firemen was opened at Atlanta, Ga., Monday, Grand Master Sargent presiding and 250 delegates present. Chief Arthur addressed the convention on the subject of the "Q" strike.

James McKinley, one of the Columbus excursionists jumped off train No. 4 on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway about two miles east of Ada, O., yesterday, while the train was running at full speed, sustaining injuries which may prove fatal. Discovering that he was on the wrong train was the cause of his jumping.

The boys in the shops sometimes bestow curious names on some of their employes. For instance, one of the best shots in the city, who is employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, has the high-sounding title of "Popgun Billy." He handles the gun magnificently, and always carries off a prize at the tournaments in which he participates.

Criminal Cases.

The following criminal and misdemeanor cases are fixed for trial before Judge O'Rourke:

State vs. Jacob Weil, Sept. 17.

State vs. Andrew Beard, Sept. 17.

State vs. James Barr, two cases, Sept. 18.

State vs. Edwin Herrington, Sept. 18.

State vs. Daniel Nestle, Sept. 19.

State vs. James B. Shoaff, Sept. 19.

A Word in Explanation.

THE SENTINEL is putting new type into use, and, of course, a change of dress involves some trouble and a great deal of extra work. To-morrow, however, the newspaper frock will look its best and everything will be in line.

Remember the railroad and factory fair to open next Saturday night at Princess Rink.

See my new stock of guns before you purchase. You will be highly pleased. It MAX G. LADE.

MR. JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY, the poet, has a curious inability to form true conceptions of distances and directions. He dreads a journey more than a child does its first step alone, and never feels sure of reaching his destination unless accompanied by a friend. Even in Indianapolis, his home for so many years, he often becomes bewildered and lost.

A ROYAL WEDDING.

The Marriage in Turin of a Royal Uncle to His Imperial Niece.

TURIN, Sept. 12.—The marriage of Prince Amadeo, duke of Aosta, brother of the king of Italy, with his niece, Princess Letitia Bonaparte, daughter of Prince Jerome Napoleon, took place yesterday in the presence of the king and queen of Italy, and various members of the houses of Savoy and Bonaparte.

The civil marriage was performed in the great hall of the royal palace before the mayor of Turin and the religious ceremonies were celebrated by Cardinal Archbishop Alimonda in the Chapel Royal of St. John. The cardinal delivered an allocution before pronouncing the nupital benediction.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mr. D. M. Miller and Mr. J. M. Moritz went to Indianapolis yesterday. Mr. Miller came home this afternoon.

Mr. Patrick Ryan, on behalf of the Catholic Knights of America, to-day paid to Mrs. Margaret Barrett, wife of the late Mat Barrett, 82,000, the amount of insurance held by her husband in that order.

Mr. Peter A. Pernot returned here last night from an extensive western tour. Mr. Pernot was in such ill health that he had to resign his position in the congressional document room. He is much improved and looks it.

Miss Augusta Schenker, the adopted daughter of Mr. Siegfried Beverforden, died last night at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Betz, 27 Wells street, of typhoid fever. She was 18 years old. The funeral occurs Friday.

Mason S. Merriman and Kate English, George F. Grand and Clara S. Doty, John A. Jones and Mary E. Watson, Russell George and Lulu Enyart, August Seiler and Catherine Belzner have been licensed to wed.

There will be a meeting at the Wayne hotel parlors to-night to organize a new fair association. The old association is practically out of existence and will never hold another fair. A new company will be formed to-night to succeed it and people who profit by its annual exhibitions should interest themselves.

The members of the Fort Wayne commandery, twenty strong, were at Huntington last evening to drill with the members down there. At the conclusion of the knightly maneuvres the visitors were royaly feasted by the Huntington Sir Knights at the J. R. Slack homestead.

The Huntington Herald says: Rev. Dr. Klein, of Fort Wayne, will preach at the German Reformed church in the third ward on Sunday next. Since the audience room has been changed the church is a most attractive place to worship in. The paster in charge, Rev. C. W. Schaff, is decidedly acceptable to the congregation.

Hon. Charles McCulloch explains that the bids for new pumping engines vary from something like $25,000 to $55,000. The engine they wanted was placed at something over $30,000. They do no give figures because in case of the rejection of all the bids it would be unjust to expose the prices to the competing companies. They have as yet not decided what to do.

Mr. G. Nieman, the well-known grocer, at the corner of Calhoun and Jefferson streets, has made some decided improvements in his business place by removing the partitions and bar fixtures in the rear end of his room. The change gives him more room for his flourishing and growing grocery trade, and the improvement is one that will be appreciated by his customers.

The Indianapolis News Record says: "Very Rev. V. A. Schnell, of Terre Haute, Hon. P. S. O'Rourke, State President C. K. of A., Messrs. Patrick Ryan, W. S. O'Rourke, James Wolfe, and K. Baker, of Fort Wayne, H. H. Schnecker, of New Haven, C. J. Eyeson, of Columbia City, Mr. Pepe, of Avilla, and Mr. Sullivan, of Covington, passed through the city on Monday, en route to Madison to attend the state convention of the Catholic Knights of America.

Bishop Taylor, the celebrated Africa missionary, left for Detroit last night. The great bishop insists that Africa is a healthy climate for workers, but it is deadly to those who neglect to take daily physical exercise. Polygamy and drunkenness are the great evils to be overcome among the natives, who are mentally acute, respect traditional laws and have a knowledge of God and a belief in future existence. Bishop Taylor teaches industrial education first as the great means of lifting the African races from the evils of heathenism to the plane of christian civilization.

For Cure of SPRAINS & STRAINS use St. Jacobs Oil Cures PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN. BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

OH! MY HEAD.

The pain from Neuralgia and companion disease Rheumatism excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlesly suffering. Ath-lo-pho-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

Williamsport, Ind., Oct. 8, 1887.

Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years, and trying almost everything, but in vain, I finally heard of Athlophoros. After taking one bottle I found it to be helping me, and after taking four bottles of Athlophoros and one of Pills, I found that I was entirely well. I think the medicine is positively a sure cure.
CHAUNCEY B. REDDICK.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec. 26 1887.

I have used Athlophoros in my family and find it to be the greatest medicine for neuralgia in existence and having had its fangs fastened upon me for the past 30 years I know whereof I speak. MRS. JULIA CHILTON.

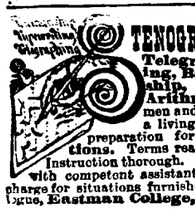
Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GUNS REVOLVERS, Send stamp for price list to JOHNSTON & SON, Pittsburg, Penn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.



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Piracy condemned by Supreme Court.
Great inducements to correspondence classes.
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OF THE POPULAR
SOUTH - SIDE - MARKET
Has built up a splendid trade by selecting
ONLY THE CHOICEST MEATS
Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Sausage, Etc., at both establishments,
366 Calhoun & 117 Wallace Sts

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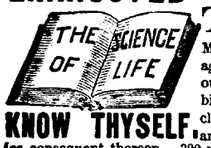

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Cut this out. You may never see it again.

Campaign Uniforms,
BANNERS, BADGES, ETC.
Campaign Goods of any Description.
Send for our 32 page Illustrated Catalogue.
Special Inducements to the Trade.
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15 & 17 Market St. - Chicago, Ill.
Sept-18

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TO ADVERTISERS.

A list of 1,000 newspapers divided into States and Sections will be sent on application—FREE.
To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce street, New York.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Wednesday, Sept. 12th.
LAY LOW! LAY LOW!
Fisher's Great Musical Extravaganza,
A COLD DAY!
Including the great comedian,
Jno. J. Lessenger,
In his specialties. The Charming Soubrette,
---CARLOTTA!---
In her songs and dances, and a strong company of singing comedians. You will laugh. Don't miss it.
Handsome -:- Costumes.
USUAL PRICES.
Prices, 25, 50 and 75c.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE FORDHAM, NEW YORK.
This college enjoys the powers of a university and is conducted by the Jesuit Fathers. It is situated in a very beautiful part of New York county between the Harlem R. & L. I. Sound. Every facility is given for the best Classical, Scientific and Commercial Education. Board and tuition per year $300. Studies re-open Wednesday, September 5th, 1888.
ST. JOHN'S HALL, a Preparatory School for Boys from 10 to 12, is under the same direction. For further particulars apply to
REV. JOHN SCULLY, S. J., Pres. of
15-44w-1m

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SUBSCRIPTION, per week..... 10c.

E. A. K. HACKETT, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

GENERAL HARRISON.

He Accepts the Republican Presidential Nomination, and Discusses Public Questions.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—The following is the full text of Harrison's letter of acceptance of the presidential nomination:

Hon. M. M. Estee and others, Committee:

Gentlemen—When your committe visited me on the fourth of July last and presented the official announcement of my nomination for the presidency of the United States by the republican convention, I promised as soon as practicable to communicate to you a more formal acceptance of the nomination. Since that time the work of receiving and addressing almost daily, large delegations of my fellow citizens, not only occupied all my time, but has in some measure rendered it unnecessary for me to use this letter as a medium of communication to the public of my views upon the questions involved in this campaign. I appreciate very highly the confidence and respect manifested by the convention and accept the nomination with a feeling of gratitude and a full sense of the responsibilities which accompany it. It is a matter of congratulation that the declarations of the Chicago convention upon questions that now attract the interest of our people are so clear and emphatic. There is further cause for congratulation in the fact that the convention utterances of the democratic party, if in any degree uncertain or contradictory, can now be judged and interpreted by executive acts and messages, and by definite propositions in legislation. This is especially true of what is popularly known as the tariff question. The issue can not now be obscured. It is not a contest between schedules, but between wide apart principles. Foreign competitors for our market have with quick instinct seen how the one issue of this contest may bring them advantage, and our own people are not so dull as to miss or neglect the grave interests that are involved for them. The assault upon our protective system is open and defiant. Protection is assailed as unconstitutional in law or as vicious in principle, and those who hold such views sincerely, can not stop short of an absolute elimination from our tariff laws of the principle of protection. The Mills bill is only a step, but it is toward an object that the leaders of democratic thought and legislation have clearly in mind. The important question is not so much the length of the step as the direction of it. Judged by the executive message of December last, by the Mills bill, by the debates in congress, and by the St. Louis platform, the democratic party will, if supported by the country, place the tariff laws upon a purely revenue basis. This is practical free trade—free trade in the English sense. The legend upon the banner may not be "free trade," it may be the more obscure motto, "tariff reform," but neither the banner nor the inscription is conclusive, or, indeed, very important. The assault itself is the important fact. Those who teach that the import duty upon foreign goods sold in our market is paid by the consumer, and that the price of the domestic competing article is enhanced to the amount of the duty on the imported article, that every million of dollars collected for custom duties represents many millions more which do not reach the treasury, but are paid by the citizens as the increased cost of domestic productions resulting from tariff laws, may not intend to discredit in the minds of others our system of levying duties on competing foreign products, but it is clearly already discredited in their own. We cannot doubt, without impugning their integrity, that if free to act upon their convictions, they would so revise our laws as to lay the burden of customs revenue upon articles that are not produced in this country, and to place upon the free list all competing foreign products. I do not stop to refute this theory as to the effect of our tariff duties. Those who advance it are students of maxims, and not of markets. They may be safely allowed to call their product "tariff reform" if the people understand that in the end the argument compels free trade in all competing products. This end may not be reached abruptly, and its approach may be accompanied with some expressions of sympathy for our protected industries and our working people, but it will certainly come if these early steps do not arouse the people to effective resistance. The republican party holds that a protective tariff is constitutional, wholesome and necessary. We do not offer a fixed schedule, but a principle. We will revise the schedule and modify rates, but always with an intelligent provision as to the effect upon domestic production and the wages of our working people. We believe it to be one of the worthy objects of tariff legislation to preserve the American scale of wages by an adequate discrimination of duties upon foreign competing products. The effects of lower rates and larger importations upon the public revenue is contingent and doubtful, but not so the effect upon American production and American wages. Less work and lower wages must be accepted as the inevitable result of an increased offering of foreign goods in the market. By way of recompense for this reduction of wages, and the loss of the American market, it is suggested that the diminished wages of the workingman will have an undiminished purchasing power, that he will be able to make up for the loss of a home market by an enlarged foreign market. Our workingmen have the settlement of the question in their own hands. They now obtain higher wages and live more comfortably than in any other country. They will make a choice between the substantial advantages they have in hand and the deceptive promises and forecasts of those theorizing reformers. They will decide for themselves and for the country whether the protective system shall be continued or destroyed.

The fact of the treasury surplus, the amount of which is variously stated, has directed public attention to the consideration of methods by which the national income may best be reduced to the level of wise and necessary expenditure. This condition has been seized upon by those who are hostile to protective custom duties as an advantageous base of attack upon our tariff laws. They have magnified and nursed the surplus which they affect to depreciate, seemingly for purpose of exaggerating the evil in order to reconcile the people to the extreme remedy they propose. A proper reduction of the revenues does not necessitate and should not suggest the abandonment or impairment of the protective system. The methods suggested by our convention will not need to be exhausted in order to effect the necessary reduction. We are not likely to be called upon, I think to make at present a choice between the surrender of the protective system and the entire repeal of internal taxes. Such contingency, in view of the present relation of expenditures to revenues, is remote. The inspection and regulation of the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine is important, and the revenue derived from it is not so great that the repeal of the law need enter into any plan of revenue reduction. The surplus now in the treasury should be used in the purchase of bonds. The law authorizes this use of it, and if it is not needed for current or deficiency appropriations, the people, and not the danks in which it has been deposited, should have the advantage of its use by stopping the interest upon the public debt. At least those who needlessly hoard it should not be allowed to use the fear of a monetary stringency thus produced, to coerce public sentiment upon other questions.

Closely connected with the subject of the tariff is that of the importation of foreign laborers under contracts of service to be performed here. The law now in force prohibiting such contracts received my cordial support in the senate, and such amendments as may be found necessary effectively to deliver our workingmen and women from this most inequitable form of competition, will have my sincere advocacy. Legislation prohibiting the importation of laborers under contracts to serve here will, however, afford very inadequate relief to our working people, if the system of portective duties is broken down. If the products of the American shops must compete in the American market, without favoring duties, with the products of cheap foreign labor, the effect will be different if at all, only in degree, whether the cheap laborer is across the street or over the sea. Such competition will soon reduce wages here to the level of those abroad, and when that condition is reached, we will not need any laws forbidding the importation of laborers under contract—they will have no inducement to come, and the employer no inducement to send for them. In the earlier years of our history, public agencies to promote immigration were common.

The pioneer wanted a neighbor with more friendly instincts than the Indian. Labor was scarce and fully employed. But the day of the immigration bureau has gone by. While our doors will continue open to proper immigration, we do not need to issue special invitations to inhabitants of other countries to come to our shores or to share our citizenship. Indeed, the necessity of some inspection and limitation is obvious. We should resolutely refuse to permit foreign governments to send their paupers and criminals to our shores. We are also clearly under duty to defend our civilization by excluding the alien races whose ultimate assimilation with our people is neither possible nor desirable. The family has been the nuclues of our best immigration, and the home the most potent assimilating force in our civilization. The objections to Chinese immigration are distinctive and conclusive and are now so generally accepted as such that the question has passed entirely beyond the stage of argument. The laws relating to the subject would, if I should be charged with their enforcement, faithfully executed. Such amendments or further legislation as may be necessary and proper to prevent evasions of laws and to stop further Chinese immigration, would also meet my approval. The expression of the convention upon this subject is in entire harmony with my views.

Our civil compact is government by majorities, and law loses its sanction and any magistrate our respect when this compact is broken. The evil results of election frauds do not expend themselves upon voters who are robbed of their rightful influence in public affairs. The individual, or community or party that practices or connives at election frauds has suffered irreparable injury, and will sooner or later realize that to exchange the American system of majority rule for minority control is not only unlawful and unpatriotic, but very unsafe for those who promote it. The disfranchisement of a single legal elector by fraud or intimidation is a crime too grave to be regarded lightly. The right of every qualified elector to cast a free ballot and to have it honestly counted must not be questioned. Every constitutional power should be used to make this right secure, and to punish frauds upon the ballot. Our colored people do not ask special legislation in their interest, but only to be made secure in the common rights of American citizenship. They will, however, naturally mistrust the sincerity of those party leaders who appeal to their race for support only in those localities where suffrage is free and election results doubtful, and compass their disfranchisement where their votes would be controlling and their choice can not be coerced.

The nation, not less than the states, is dependent for prosperity and security upon the intelligence and morality of the people. This common interest very early suggested national aid in the establishment and endowment of schools and colleges in new states. There is, I believe, a present exigeney that calls for still more liberal and direct appropriations in aid of common school education in the states.

Territorial government is a temporary expedient, not a permanent civil condition. It is adapted to the exigeney that suggested it, but becomes inadequate, even oppressive, when applied to fixed and populous communities. Several territories are well able to bear the burdens and discharge the duties of free commonwealths in the American union. To exclude them is to deny the just rights of their people, and may well excite their indignant protest. No question of the political preference of the people of a territory should close against them the hospitable door which has opened to two-thirds of the existing states, but admission should be resolutely refused to any territory a majority of whose people cherish institutions that are a menance to our civilation, or inconsistent with a republican form of government.

The declaration of the convention against "All combinations of capital, organized in trusts or otherwise, to control arbitarily the condition of trade among our citizens," is in harmony with the views entertained and publicly expressed by me long before the assembling of the convention. Ordinarily, capital shares losses of idleness with labor, but under the operation of trusts, in some of its forms, the wage-workers suffer loss, while idle eapital receives its dividends from the trust fund. Producers, who refuse to join combinations are destroyed, and competition as an element of prices eliminated. It can not be doubted that legislative authority should and will find a method of dealing fairly and effectively with these and other abuses connected with this subject.

It can hardly be necessary for me to say that I am heartily in sympathy with the declaration of the convention upon the subject of pensions to our soldiers and sailors. What they gave, what they suffered, I had some opportunity to observe and, in a small measure, to experience. They gave ungrudgingly. It was not a trade, but an offering, and the measure was heaped up and running over. What they achieved only a distant generation can adequately tell. Without attempting to discuss particular propositions, I may add that measures in behalf of the surviving veterans of the war and of the families of their dead comrades should be conceived and executed in exact justice and of most grateful liberality, and that in competition for civil appointment honorable military service should have appropriate recognition.

The law regulating appointments to classified civil service received my support in the senate in the belief that it opened a way to a much needed reform. I still think so, therefore cordially approve the clear and forcible expression of the convention upon this subject. The law should have the aid of friendly interpretation and be faithfully and vigorously enforced. All appointments under it should be absolutely free from partisan considerations and influence. Some extensions of the classified list are practicable and desirable, and further legislation extending reform to other branches of the service to which it is applicable would receive my approval. In appointments to every grade and department, fitness, not party service, should be the essential and discriminating test, and fidelity and efficiency the only sure tenure of office. Only the interests of public service should suggest removals from office. I know the practical difficulties attending the attempt to apply the spirit of the civil service rules to all appointments and removals. It will, however, be my sincere purpose, if elected, to advance the reform.

I notice with pleasure that the convention did not omit to express its solicitude for the promotion of virtue and temperance among our people. The republican party has always been friendly to everything that tended to make the home life of your people free, pure and prosperous, and will in the future be true to its history in this respect.

Our relations with foreign powers should be characterized by friendliness and respect. The right of our people and our ships to hospitable treatment should be insisted upon with dignity and firmness. Our nation is too great, both in material strength and moral power, to indulge in bluster or be suspected of timorousness. Vaccillation and inconsistency are incompatible with successful diplomacy as they are with national dignity. We should especially cultivate and extend our diplomatic commercial relations with the Central South American states. Our fisheries should be fostered and protected. Hardships and risks that are necessary incidents of business should not be increased by inhospitable exclusion from near lying ports. The resources of firm, dignified and consistent diplomacy are undoubtedly equal to a prompt and peaceful solution of the difficulties that now exist. Our neigebors will surely not expect in our ports a commercial hospitality they deny us in theirs.

I cannot extend this letter by special reference to other subjects upon which the convention gave expression. In respect to them, as well as to those I have noticed, I am in entire agreement with the declarations of the convention. The resolutions relating to the coinage, to the rebuilding of the navy, coast defenses and public lands express conclusions to all of which I gave my support in the senate.

Inviting the calm and thoughtful consideration of these public questions we submit them to the people. Their intelligent patriotism and a good providence that made it has kept us a nation, will lead them to wise and safe conclusions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Are you weak and weary, overworked and tired? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to purify your blood and give you strength.

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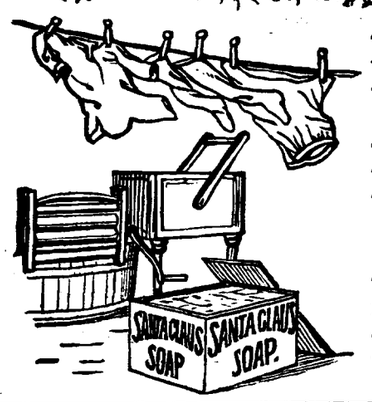
This is the House, that Jack built.
These are the parties, that lived
In the house, that Jack built.



These are the Clothes, that were
Worn by the parties, that lived in
The house, that Jack built.

These are the Machines, that washed
The clothes, that were worn by
The parties, that lived in the house, that
Jack built.

This is the Soap, that was used
In the Machine, that washed the
Clothes, that were worn by the parties,
That lived in the house, that Jack built.

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SAVES WOMEN — SAVES CLOTHES — QUICK PROCESS — EASY WASHING
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ASK your Grocer for JAXON SOAP
Insist on trying it once.

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NATURE HAS NO BETTER REMEDY
Than this New Compound of Tar for
Wounds, Burns, Sores, Piles, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and Coughs, Croup, Scrofula, Ulcers, Varicose Veins, Bronchitis, and Consumption.

TAR-OID must not be confounded with the cheap remedies which are prepared on the theory that *Skin Diseases* are caused by *impure blood*, which is not true. They have their cause in a want of *vital action* in the skin. TAR-OID restores this action, hence it cures every form of *Skin Disease*, also sores, burns, etc. It is soothing and wonderfully healing—gratifying results follow in every case. It is harmless and can be used with perfect safety by any one. It is superior to all other remedies. There is positively nothing else like it.

TAR-OID is a sure cure for piles. It never fails. We warrant a cure or refund the money. It gives immediate relief. It is perfectly safe, yet powerful in its action.

Send for our "Good Samaritan" free.

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J. R. BOYNTON, M. D., R. 506, 70 State st.

TAR-OID gives me fine results in Rectal and Skin Troubles, Indolent Sores, and Enlarged Glands.
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67 Central Music Hall.

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From the Oldest Coal House in the City. Hard and Soft Coal, Cannel Coal, Kindlings, Etc., Anthracite "Loyal Rock," a specialty for grates; it burns without smoke and burns to a white ash.
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Steam and Gas Fitter,
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A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
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GAS FIXTURES,
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Wash Bowls, Rubber Hose, Etc. Old gas fixtures re-gilt, bronzed and made equal to new.
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No Universal Remedy

has yet been discovered; but, as at least four-fifths of human diseases have their source in **Impure Blood**, a medicine which restores that fluid from a depraved to a healthy condition comes as near being a universal cure as any that can be produced. **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** affects the blood in each stage of its formation, and is, therefore, adapted to a greater variety of complaints than any other known medicine.

Boils and Carbuncles,

which defy ordinary treatment, yield to Ayer's Sarsaparilla after a comparatively brief trial.

Mr. C. K. Murray, of Charlottesville, Va., writes that for years he was afflicted with boils which caused him much suffering. These were succeeded by carbuncles, of which he had several at one time. He then began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles, the carbuncles disappeared, and for six years he has not had even a pimple.

That insidious disease, **Scrofula**, is the fruitful cause of innumerable complaints, **Consumption** being only one of many equally fatal. Eruptions, ulcers, sore eyes, glandular swellings, weak and wasted muscles, a capricious appetite, and the like, are pretty sure indications of a scrofulous taint in the system. Many otherwise beautiful faces are disfigured by pimples, eruptions, and unsightly blotches, which arise from impure blood, showing the need of Ayer's Sarsaparilla to remedy the evil.

All sufferers from blood disorders should give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a fair trial,—avoiding all powders, ointments, and washes, and especially cheap and worthless compounds, which not only fail to effect a cure, but more frequently aggravate and confirm the diseases they are fraudulently advertised to remedy.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell

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HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Circulars free Ely Bros., Druggists, 56 Warren st., N.Y.

For 25 years the name **Heywood** on a boot or shoe has been a guarantee of its honesty in material and workmanship. The **Heywood Shoe** is the best wearing and most comfortable shoe made for men's wear. They will suit you so well that you will insist upon having them afterward. The next time you buy a pair of shoes ask to see the **Heywood.**

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The Great Spectacular Opera,

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MAGIC QUEEN.

A large and complete dramatic and operatic company.

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MR. MONTJOY WALKER,
MR. SOL. AIKEN,
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The wonderful prima dona, Miss Vera Russel. The people's sweet singer, Miss Lucille Remsen. A perfect deluge of novelties. A complete chorus of thirty voices. Every costume new. Most gorgeous scenery ever seen, by the great artist, Henry E. Hoyt. An army of people on the stage.

Prices, 25, 50 and 75c.

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MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT rubbed in saves many a valuable Horse and Mule's limbs.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

Damp Cellars.

The most prominent causes of damp cellars are:

1. Dampness permeating the walls.
2. Dampness from saturated soil appearing below the walls.
3. Dampness from imperfect plumbing.
4. Moist ground air permeating cellar bottom, forced in by air pressure.

The first is an evidence of either poor workmanship and material or imperfect drainage. Should it be the former, and discovered in time, a compulsory removal of the work is the best remedy. A good wall (stone is here understood) should have every space completely filled. Small, flat stones make the best work when carefully bonded and fitted. Look out for walls showing nothing but large, flat stone on the outer faces, as such are often but dry concrete in the center. If the work has progressed too far to allow the wall to be taken down, the remedy is a thorough coating of cement on the outside, from grade to footing, backed by a careful drainage of the immediate vicinity. Great care is necessary to keep the surface water from the building on all sides. It will not suffice to keep it five, ten, or twenty feet away, and then allow it to cool, as the ground will absorb it, and if the strata should happen to incline in the direction of the cellar, conduct the moisture to the wall, where, although perhaps not appearing in drops on the surface, still keeping the joints damp enough to effect the atmosphere and cause the mortar to decay.

Good, clean, yellow clay, well puddled and rammed around the walls, is an excellent protection, and that should never be omitted.

Frequently, in neighborhoods thinly settled, where the sewage system is imperfect, or, rather, not completed, the ground becomes waterlogged, or so saturated with moisture as to cause any shallow excavation to collect water, and it will be noticed in such ground that after a rain all these depressions hold the water with great tenacity. In fact, the soil seems unable to absorb any more.

Cellars sank in such ground will be damp at the foot of the wall, the moisture extending out on the cellar floor, while any small knoll, caused by uneven excavation, may be perfectly dry on top, and even, as has occurred in my practice, the clay opening in seams from contraction in drying, while but a few feet away the mud was three to six inches deep. This has been noticed even in a house situated on a small plateau with rapid drainage to all sides. —*Building Trades Journal.*

A Wonderful Railroad.

When the railway was first opened between Moscow and St. Petersburg it was an object of great terror to the superstitious peasantry of Northern Russia, who thought there must certainly be some witchcraft or magic in an invention which could make a train of heavy cars run along without horses at the rate of twenty miles an hour, when the best of speed of the wagons to which they were accustomed was only three miles an hour, or four at the very outside.

Some of them would not even go within sight of a train, and made the sign of a cross whenever they heard one rattle past. Others peeped timidly over the palisade of the railway station to catch a glimpse of the fearful smoke breathing creature, which they believed to be a living monster, and when the steam-whistle sounded they cried out, "Hear him screaming! He's hungry, and wants to eat somebody!" and took to their heels at once.

But little by little this terror began to wear away. The village priests were keen to go to and fro by train, and the simple country folk thought that what *they* did could not be wrong. By degrees the peasants themselves began to try the "smoke-wagons" too, and one day an old man named Ivan Petrovitch Masloff, who had never been out of his own village till then, made up his mind to go and have a look at "Mother Moscow," which all Russian peasants reverence as the finest city in the world, and the real capital of Russia.

Now it happened that the down express and the up express met each other at the station of Bologoe (midway between Moscow and St. Petersburg), where the passengers of both trains stopped for half an hour to have supper. Among the crowd of people that got out of the other train Ivan suddenly recognized an old friend. The two went into the refreshment-room together, had a chat over their steaming tumblers of tea and lemon juice, and then Ivan, without thinking of what he was doing, got into his friend's train instead of his own, and was soon traveling back toward the spot whence he had started.

Their talk went on merrily for a while, for Ivan's friend never thought of asking the old man which way he was going. But presently Ivan began to grow silent and grave, as if pondering something which puzzled him very much; and at length, after sitting for nearly five minutes without uttering a word, he suddenly broke out:

"Ah, Pavel Yurievitch" (Paul, son of George), "what a wonderful thing these railroads are, to be sure! Here I am going to Moscow, and here are you going to St. Petersburg, and yet we're both traveling in the same car!"—*David Ker, in Harper's Magazine.*

A Timely Correction.

"There seems to be nothing in the market," said Mrs. Hendricks, despairingly, to the Widow Jenkins, who had "just dropped in" for a moment. "I'm worried to death to know what to get for——"

"Why, ma," interrupted Bobby, who was laboriously penciling his name on the wall, "I heard you say that Mrs. Jenkins was in the market.—*Harper's Bazar.*

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT conquers SPAVINS, SCRATCHES and SPRAINS in HORSES and MULES.

Episodes in Boston Churches.

The way in which people go unbidden to church weddings is notorious, and thereby hangs a trifling but not unamusing tale. At a recent wedding in Arlington Street Church, one of the ushers saw a lady come in who was so stylishly dressed that he immediately jumped at the conclusion that she must be a guest of importance. He accordingly offered her his arm and started down the aisle to escort her to the seats directly behind those reserved for the family of the contracting parties. Just as he neared the slip into which it was evident he meant to show her, the lady looked up and asked ingenuously:

"Can you tell me whose wedding this is?"

"The usher's eyebrows contracted involuntarily.

"Certainly," he answered. "It is that of Miss Blank and Mr. That."

"Then, being a man of presence of mind, he kept coolly on down the aisle, turned, and crossed the chancel, brought the lady up the next aisle, and seated her obscurely near the door.

And speaking of Arlington Street Church reminds me that the series of vesper services held there during the winter by the pastor, the Rev. Brooke Herford, have been so well attended, and have proved of so much popular good, that about a hundred hymnals and half as many psalters have been appropriated and carried away by the visitors. A most delightful and thoroughbred old gentlemen, who is of one of the well-known old families, and whose manners are the perfection of courtesy, saw, after one of these services, a woman making off with a hymnal. He has been a constant attendant at church for half a century or more, and knew that the offender was a stranger. He spoke to her with his gentle and dignified manner, in itself so high-bred as to be a rebuke, and said:

"It was not intended that that book should be taken away, but perhaps you need it much. I hope it will do you great good.—*Boston letter.*

IT WON'T BAKE BREAD.—In other words, Hood's Sarsaparilla will not do impossibilities. Its proprietors tell plainly what it has done, submit proofs from sources of unquestioned reliability, and ask you frankly if you are suffering from any disease or effection caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The experience of others is sufficient assurance that you will not be disappointed in the result.

SORE FROM KNEE TO ANKLE.

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one third in size. Condition Hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your Cuticura Remedies, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified, and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to-day, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases.

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the Cuticura Remedies, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

IDA MAY BASS,
Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

From 145 Pounds to 172 Pounds.

I have taken several bottles of Cuticura Resolvent with all the results I could wish for. About this time last year, when commencing its use, I weighed 145 pounds, and to-day I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D. C.

NOTE.—The Cuticura Resolvent, is beyond all doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded.

Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap prepared from it externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Company Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by Cuticura Soap.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by Cuticura Medicated Soap

CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH.

No single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing the human voice, the mind,—one or more, and sometimes all, yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored, because but little understood, by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his Radical Cure has won the hearty approval of thousands. It is instantaneous in affording relief in all head colds, sneezing, snuffling and obstructed breathing, and rapidly removes the most oppressive symptoms, clearing the head, sweetening the breath, restoring the senses of smell, taste and hearing, and neutralizing the constitutional tendency of the disease towards the lungs, liver and kidneys.

Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, price $1.

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

Kidney Pains,

Strains and Weaknesses,

Relieved in one minute by that marvelous Antidote to pain, Inflammation and Weakness, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing strengthening plaster. Especially adapted to instantly relieve and speedily cure Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weakness. Warranted vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston Mass.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT cures all ailments of HORSES, MULES and CATTLE. Rub in!

Painting Babies' Faces.

A letter from Paris informs us that the doctors are again at war with silly mothers belonging to the fashionable circles. The latest fanaticism of la mode is to apply the horrors of face-painting to little children. In the public gardens babies of 3 years old may now be seen whose eyebrows have been blacked or dyed by their senseless mothers. Other anxious parents, distressed at the vulgarly ruddy and rustic hue of their children's cheeks, carefully powder them before sending them forth to meet the gaze and criticism of the world. Little roquets of 10 years are not permitted to go abroad until the regulation black stroke has been painted beneath their eyes. The doctors warn the mothers that when the children thus barbarously treated reach the age of 16 they will have a colorless and ruined complexion, to say nothing of the injury to health, which is an argument less likely to produce much effect.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A SPRING bonnet springs right on to church.—*Prices' Weekly.*

We know of no mode of treatment which offers to sufferers from chronic diseases a more certain hope of cure than that which is comprehended in the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. For purifying and invigorating the blood, this preparation is unequaled.

All Jeffersonians of Wayne township are hereby requested to meet at Zoller & Merz on South Calhoun street, Saturday evening, Sept. 15, 1888, at 8 p. m., to make arrangements to attend the Sixth Ward democratic rally.

By order of JOHN A. KOEHLER, President.

HOPTONIC

A WONDERFUL COMBINATION OF PEPTONIZED BEEF, HOPS and MALT.

Being the ONLY KNOWN PREPARATION for imparting PURE ALBUMEN To the Body.

It is an Absolute Cure for Nervousness, Debility and Insomnia, and wards off those Terrible Evils which are the First Stages of

INSANITY.

For Debilitated Men; for Enfeebled Women; for Delicate Children; for all who need Strength. "HOPTONIC IS A BLESSING."

Ft. Wayne Agency, Thieme & Gross, Druggists.

How is Your Baby?

Fat and happy, or lean and fretful, through insufficient nourishment?

RIDGE'S FOOD

produces bone and muscle as no other food does.

A PERFECT COMBINATION

Of harmless vegetable remedies that will restore the whole system to healthy action, is absolutely needed to cure any disease "for the disease that affects one organ weakens all." Paine's Celery Compound is THIS PERFECT COMBINATION. Read the proofs!

"I have suffered terribly from nervousness and kidney trouble. I bought two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, and oh, how it did help me! I have so much faith in your medicine, for I know what it did for me."
Ontario Centre, N. Y. MRS. J. J. WATSON.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

"For five years I suffered with malaria and nervousness. I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and I can truthfully say that five bottles completely cured me. I cheerfully recommend it, for I know it to be a good medicine."
CHAS. L. STEARNS, Letter Carrier, Station B, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CURES ALL NERVOUS DISEASES,

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Liver Complaint, Kidney Trouble, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood.

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. For the Nervous,

$1, six for $5. See that each bottle bears the Celery trade mark. The Debilitated,

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. The Aged.

L. O. HULL,

WALL PAPER.

Ceiling Decorations, Window Curtains, Window Glass,

Paints and Painting!

If you want your house painted, or papered and decorated at bottom prices, leave orders at headquarters,

No. 90 CALHOUN STREET.

ROBERTS BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Campaign Flags,
BANNERS AND TORCHES.
Water proof horse and wagon covers.
Self Binder Thrashing Machine and Stack Covers.
TENTS AND AWNINGS.
Sole agents for
Tower's Fish Brand Oiled Clothing
—AND—
Metropolitan Rubber Co.'s Clothing.
71 and 73 Market Street,
CHICAGO, ILLS.
Send for Catalogue and mention this paper.

J. C. PELTIER,
UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER
17 W. Wayne St.
Telephone No. 174.
May 22 1y

Having purchased the Real Estate office formerly owned by E. L. Craw, I am now prepared to offer bargains in choice city and town property. Also represent a number of the best Fire, Life and Accident insurance companies. Please give me a call.

EDGAR C. PRICE,
Office over 68 Calhoun street, opposite Aveline Block. Aug18-1y

JAMES -:- MADDEN,

PLUMBER,

Steam and Gas Fitter,

101 Calhoun Street,

NextDoor to Y. M. C. A. Building,

Fort Wayne, ... Ind.

DR. JAMES M. DINNEN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office, 78 Calhoun street.
Residence 49 West Wayne street

Chicago Conservatory
REAPER BLOCK, CHICAGO, ILL.
Opposite Court House.
MUSIC, VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL.
SCHOOL OF DRAMATIC ART.
Elocu. an. Delsarte Theory of Expression, etc., etc.
MUSICAL DEPT., under direction WM. L. TOMLINS, is located in CENTRAL MUSIC HALL BUILDING.
DRAMATIC DEPT., under direction SAMUEL KAYZER.
FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 17TH.
Address SAMUEL KAYZER, Manager.
July 25-2mo.

There are Two Distinguishing Characteristics

Which, more than anything else, have contributed to the phenomenal growth of **The Chicago Daily News**, giving it a circulation larger than that of all other Chicago dailies combined. It seems strange that the first practical, combined application of two such common sense principles in journalism should have been left to a paper as yet only twelve years old. And yet true it is that in this fact lies the real secret of the unparalleled success of **The Chicago Daily News.** Briefly stated these principles are:

First. THE DAILY NEWS
Is a daily paper for busy people.

Of all mankind the people of Chicago and the busy northwest are the busiest. And yet perhaps no equal number of people are to be found who appreciate so keenly the necessity of an intelligent knowledge of the world's daily doings. They recognize that they, more than anyone else, are the world's providers in many of the most important necessaries of life. How important, then, that they should have their daily intelligence of every event, the world over, which by any possibility can affect their diversified commercial holdings. And in all the higher interests of life where can be found a like number of people more keenly appreciative of all that contributes to progress in art, literature, science, religion, politics, and the thousand and one things which make up modern civilization.

And yet, strange to say, right here in this great, busy northwest, in its busy metropolis Chicago, there has taken place the creation and development of that most cumbrous, unserviceable, time-destroying thing, the "blanket-sheet" newspaper. With the blindness of very fatuity this monstrosity of journalism, this breeder of mental dyspepsia, has steadfastly imposed its mountain of unthreshed straw to the demand of the people for the winnowed grain of fact. It was out of the very incongruousness of such a condition of things that THE DAILY NEWS had its birth. People wanted the News,—all the news—but they demanded it apart from the overpowering mass of the trivial and inconsequential. It is because THE DAILY NEWS satisfactorily meets that demand that its circulation is over "a-million a-week."

R. M. LAWRENCE, Williamsville, Ill., says: "The 'big daily' is too much for me. Not that a person is obliged to read everything printed in the 'blanket-sheets,' but one having anything else to do doesn't have time to hunt through the long-drawn twaddle for a few grains of digestible food."

Second. THE DAILY NEWS
Is an Independent, truth-telling newspaper.

The reader can count on one hand the known newspapers whose statements in matters of politics can always be accepted as at least intentionally truthful, and commonly so in fact. On the other hand, it is the all-but-universal rule to praise one's party and candidate to the skies, and to cry down the opposition party and its candidate to the verge of the disreputable. So common have such silly and reprehensible methods in journalism become that they pass unnoticed, and are accepted as a matter of course—as an evil inseparable from practical politics. But this is only another mistake of the thoughtless. The American people are intelligent enough, thoughtful enough, fair enough to appreciate and endorse honest, truth-telling journalism—in truth to prefer it to the misleading, the truth-discoloring dishonesty of the "organ."

The demand is more and more for the fair, impartial, independent newspaper which give the reader *all the news*, and gives it absolutely free from the taint of partisan bias. This done, an expression of opinion, *based upon facts*, will commend itself to the thoughtful reader even when he may not find himself in agreement with the conclusions deduced from the premises. Disagreements are of small moment if only confidence in honesty of purpose remains. With no mere political ambition to gratify, no "ax to grind," the impartial and independent newspaper may truly be "guide, philosopher and friend" to honest men holding every shade of political faith. And this is why THE DAILY NEWS has to-day a circulation of over "a-million-a-week."

M. WYGANT, Sibley, Iowa, writes: "I am well pleased with THE DAILY NEWS, although I am a 'bred-in-the-bone' Republican with a *carpet bag experience* in the South ending in 1872. The extreme fairness of THE DAILY NEWS, giving credit where due regardless of party, meets my approval."

When to two such comprehensive elements of popularity THE DAILY NEWS now adds a third in its unparalleled price reduction to One Cent a day, it offers a combination of attractions at once unique and unapproachable by any other American newspaper, and one which will surely multiply its friends throughout the Northwest by the thousands.

The Chicago Daily News is for sale by all newsdealers at One Cent per copy, or will be mailed, postage paid, for $3.00 per year, or 25 cents per month. The farmer and mechanic can now afford as well as the merchant and professional man to have his metropolitan daily.

Address VICTOR F. LAWSON, Publisher The Daily News, Chicago.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, used vigorously is death to Swinney, Wind Galls, Sore Backs.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, for MAN and BEAST. Greatest *Curative* discovery ever made.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT should always be kept in HOUSE, STABLE and FACTORY.

OPENING SALE!

—OF—

All Wool and Silk Warp

HENRIETTAS!

Henriettas, you know, is now the most popular of all dress stuffs and is specially noted for its soft, even finish, its strength, flexibility, luster and durability. The advantage the silk warp has over the all wool is the added strength and beauty of the cloth and the effectiveness in draping.

Be Sure!

To see the new lines of these—
We are now showing
in all the

NEW FALL SHADES.

Note Particularly!

—THE—

Silk Warp Henrietta!

At 75c and $1.00.

Henriettas at 50c, 65c—
45 Inches Wide.

Root & Company

The Sixth Ward Democrats in Line.

A grand democratic rally is to be given under the auspices of the Sixth ward Jeffersonian club on Monday evening, September 17, 1888, at the Herrington block. Hon. C. A. O. McClellan and others will be present and discuss the issues of the day:

The officers of the evening are announced as follows by Mr. H. F. France:

President—Louis Fox.

Vice presidents—James O'Hern, John A. Schwartz, Patrick Touhey, John Grable, Sr., John Houlihan, William Reinewald, Sr., Patrick McCarthy, Christian Laible, Mat Lynch, Charles Degits, James McCarthy, Gottlieb Epple, William Jackson, Michael Finney, George Dewald, Thomas Hayes, Nicholas Petgen, William Gaffney, August Beverforden, Sr., Michael Woulfe, Joseph Merz, Thomas W. Ahern, Hiram Huff, Lawrence Markey, Dennis O'Connor, John McCann, Rudolph Kabish and Ambrose Donnelly.

The Jeffersonian and Hendricks clubs and citizens are invited to be present.

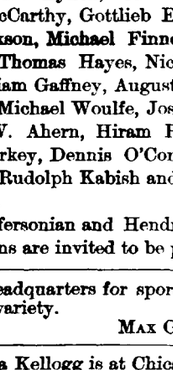
I am headquarters for sporting goods of every variety.
1t MAX G. LADE.

Miss Ida Kellogg is at Chicago pursuing her studies in Central Music hall, but will be in Fort Wayne from Saturday to Wednesday of each week at the residence of Mr. Frank Alderman, 303 West Washington street.

At Last.

The injunction case of A. C. Trentman and others against the Western Union Telegraph company to restrain them from repairing their telegraph line on Calhoun street, will be heard by by Judge Olds, at Columbia City, next Tuesday.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 806 Wall St., N. Y.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Rev. R. M. Barnes is at Chicago.

"A Cold Day" is the attraction at the Temple to-night.

Mrs. John E. Ross is visiting friends at Lebanon, Ohio.

The Huntington county fair commences Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Mrs. Mary Williams left last evening to visit friends at Denver, Col.

Mrs. S. L. Morris and children are visiting relatives at Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Chas. Centlivre and Mr. E. Franks went to Detroit this morning.

Rev. James Greer, of the Warsaw M. E. district, has been in the city for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Morris, of West Berry street, returned from the east this morning.

Mr. Theodore Meyer will leave to-morrow to resume his studies at Harvard university.

Supt. G. W. Stevens and Mr. J. Shaw Stevens, of the Wabash, were in the city last night.

Mr. G. W. Seavy is moving a portion of his extensive hardware stock into his new store room on West Main street.

W. J. Scanlan, the greatest living Irish comedian will produce "The Irish Minstrel" at the Temple, Monday, Sept. 17th.

Rev. R. Toby, the pastor of the M. E. church at Richmond, Ind., is in the city this week and will probably remain over Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Brown has been transferred from charge of the African M. E. church in this city and Rev. C. F. Hill succeeds him.

The council proceedings elsewhere are interesting to all taxpayers. The bills, petitions, and committee reports make substantial reading.

Miss May Trentman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Trentman, left to-day for the convent at St. Mary's of the Woods to resume her studies.

Alois Richbone, a glass blower, will have a trial to-morrow, before Mayor Muhler for creating a disturbance at Dan Smith's saloon, on Broadway.

Mr. Byron Hattersley has a large force of men at work making the water main extension contracted for. The Williams street pipe line now comes in for attention.

Judge C. A. O. McClellan spoke at Freemont last evening, and will address the democrats at Metz to-night. The judge is making a great canvass for congress.

The grand spectacular opera, "Zo Zo," will be produced at the Temple to-morrow evening, with all its magnificent scenery and mechanical effects. Seats are now on sale.

Sheriff Viberg still holds John A. Kinney to await the arrival of the sheriff from Steubenville, Ohio, and a requisition. Kinney is the crook arrested here by the sheriff and his deputy, Mr. Wilkinson.

Ed. Cunningham was sent to jail by the mayor for drunkenness this morning. His honor ordered an unfortunate old man sent to Decatur and Marshal Meyer procured railroad transportation for him.

The teachers' meeting held in the Y. M. C. A. every Thursday evening for the study of the Sunday school lesson has been changed this week to Friday evening at 7:45, city time. Teachers, please take notice.

The Ministerial association of the local preachers of Northern Indiana, which was in session here this week, re-elected Dr. C. B. Stemen, president, and transacted business of interest to the Fort Wayne Methodist college.

John Ahler has been returned from the state insane asylum as cured. He will be recalled as a former employe of the Bass foundry, who lived on Broadway. His family have since moved to Ohio, and Sheriff Viberg will assist Ahler to reach them.

The late John G. Kellar, who was killed in a railroad accident in Iowa was a member of the Eleventh Indiana battery and served three years. Should the remains be brought here the surviving members of the battery will turn out and escort the remains of their late comrade to his last resting place.

Newton E. Cook, of Andrews, republican candidate for joint representative of Allen and Huntington counties, was in the city yesterday. Mr. C. A. Bookwalter, the pleasant secretary of the state printing bureau, was with Mr. Cook, to paint the political skies a bright red. Mr. Bookwalter is said to be preparing a speech on Congressman White's resolution to stop the constitution and Fourth of July celebrations.

Harvey M. LaFollette, superintendent of public instructions, has issued the outlines for township institute work for 1888-9, and is sending them to the various county superintendents. The outlines have been prepared by a committee, including a number of the most experienced and practiced superintendents in the state, and it is believed that they will prove practical and valuable to teachers, and that they will form an additional step in the advancement and uniform organization of the public schools of Indiana.

The Fort Wayne Rifles elected the following officers last night: Captain, Frank W. Rawles; first lieutenant, H. W. Lepper, second lieutenant, I. W. Leonard; orderly sergeant, J. E. Dalton; second sergeant, J. E. Miller, third sergeant, C. D. Bourie; fourth sergeant, Will Peltier; fifth sergeant, Fred Markey; first corporal, Charles Bulger; second corporal, Walter Wells; third corporal, Joseph Evans; fourth corporal, Frank Snyder; company clerk, Will Kerr; president, William Bidwell; secretary, Charles Bulger; treasurer, Henry Lepper.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

It Held a Very Important Meeting Last Night—The Proceedings in Full.

The common council of the City of Fort Wayne met in the council chamber, Tuesday evening, September 11, A. D., 1888, in regular session, his honor, Mayor Muhler, in the chair, and present the following members, viz:

Councilmen Bandt, Doehrman, Ely, Hazzard, Hilbrecht, Kelker, Meyer, Read, Scheid, Shordon, Smith, Wessel, Woulfe and Williams.

Absent—Councilmen Haiber, Huser, Kensill and Schmueckle.

The minutes of the last regular session having been delivered to the councilman were, on motion, approved as published.

BILLS.

The following bills were on motion allowed:

Street commissioner's pay roll	$365 11
Henry C. Berghoff, (money advanced),	52 83
Charles M. Becker	12 00
Lillie & Morrison	4 40
Hessert & Greibel	1 25
Joseph M. Stoll	25 03
Gibson, Parish & Co	2 45
Meyer Bros. & Co	7 60
Ella Thieme	3 50
Paul E. Wolf	3 50
David Tagtmeyer	96 46
L. Diether	85 52
Park pay roll	106 00
Fred Becker & Bro	4 00
S. Bash & Co	2 40

The bill of the N. Y., C. & St. L. R. R. of $136,49 for work on the Walton Avenue sewer, was referred to the finance committee, city attorney and mayor.

The bill of the Pennsylvania railroad company of $161 for cinders, was referred to the committee on parks.

The bill of Horace Merriott of $7.50 for buggy broken by hook and ladder truck, was referred to the fire commissioners and city attorney.

Patrick McCarthy and others remonstrated against vacating Prince street. Referred to the committee on streets and city attorney.

J. R. Thompson et al. remonstrated against grading Grant avenue. Referred to the committee on streets and city attorney.

C. Tremmel et al. asked for an extension of the water mains on Hanna street to Pontiac street. Referred to the water works committee.

M. N. Webber directed attention to the necessity of procuring and inviting natural gas and advised that the natural gas ordinance be modified to satisfy capitalists. Received and filed.

A number of merchants of the city asked that the license for peddlers doing business in the city be increased from its present rate. Referred to the committee on rules, regulations and ordinances, markets and city attorney.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

We have checked off and destroyed city orders and coupons for the month of July to the amount of sixteen thousand, seven hundred and three dollars and twenty-four cents ($16,703.24).

W. DOEHRMAN, H. A. READ, GEO. W. ELY. } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON STREETS.

1. Contract of Geo. Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the north side of Berry street, bordering on lots 526 and 527 Hanna's addition.

2. Contract of John McCann to grade the alley between St. Mary avenue and Franklin avenue, from Abolt to Lake street.

3. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick the south side of Suttenfield street, from Lafayette to Hanna street.

4. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the west side of Hanna street, from Hugh to Eliza street.

5. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the north side of Pritchard street, from Van Buren to Jackson street.

6. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick both sides of Clark street, from High street to the north line of said street.

7. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick both sides of Swinney avenue from the east line of Swinney's addition to Nelson street.

8. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick the north side of Samuel street, from John to Smith street.

9. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick both sides of Samuel street, from Hanna to John street.

10. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick the south side of Washington street, from Wabash avenue to Glasgow avenue.

11. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Glasgow avenue, bordering on lot No. 101 White's first addition.

12. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Kensill to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Hanna street, bordering on lots No. 86, 46 and 44 Lewis addition.

13. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Read to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Wells street, from the brick sidewalk now constructed to St. Mary's river bridge.

14. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Wessel to grade and pave with brick the sidewalks on both sides of Wallace street, from Lafayette to Monroe street.

15. In reference to the resolution of Councilman Schmueckle to grade and pave with cedar blocks Clinton street, from Main to Columbia street, we report adverse. We believe the season has advanced too far to commence more street improvements, but recommend that that part of the street be improved early in the spring.

16. In favor of resolution oof Councilman Ely to gravel and grave the alley between Washington and Jefferson street, from Griffith to Fulton street.

JNO. WESSEL, JR., H. A. READ, H. HILBRECHT. } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF POUND COMMITTEE.

We, your committee on pound respectfully report having examined the pound-master's report for the month of July, and find the same correct and to agree with the treasurer's books.

JOHN SMITH, P. J. SCHEID. } Com.

REPORT OF STREET COMMITTEE.

1. We have awarded the contract to John Bertels for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Williams street and Masterson street from Clinton street to the first alley east of Calhoun street.

2. We have awarded the contract to John Bertels for an 18-inch sewer on Webster street and in the alley between Creighton avenue and Taber street.

3. We have awarded the contract to Joseph Derheimer for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Calhoun street and Harrison street from the alley between Creighton avenue and Tabor street to Pontiac street.

4. We have awarded the contract to Joseph Derheimer for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Wayne street and Washington street from Griffith street to the center of lot 5, block 26, Ewing's addition.

5. In the matter of the petition of Neal McLachlan and others, asking that the city refund to them their assessment on the Clay street sewer, we recommend that said petition be referred to the city attorney.

6. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Bandt to readvertise for proposals for constructing a 30-inch single ring brick sewer in the alley between Fairfield avenue and Pine street.

7. In relation to the contract referred to us for constructing an 18-inch inch sewer in the alley between John street and Gay street from Horace street to Creighton avenue, we report that there cannot be money enough got out of property to pay for said sewer, as the price bid for the same, in our opinion, is too high, and we recommend that said contract be not approved and that the city engineer be instructed to readvertise for sealed proposals for said sewer.

LOUIS HAZZARD, P. J. SCHEID. } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON WATER WORKS.

We, your committee on water works, to whom was refered the report of the water works trustee respectfully report, in regard to the wells system that it is a success, and we recommend that the water works trustees continue the good work of constructing additional wells. If they find it necessary to do so, and report the progress of said work to the council from time to time.

P. J. SCHEID, H. A. READ, W. DOEHRMAN, GEO. W. ELY. } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENT AND TAXES AND CITY ATTORNEY.

We, your committee on assessment and taxes, with the city attorney, to whom was referred the petition and affidavit of Mr. Perry A. Randall asking for a rebate of taxes on a building destroyed by fire on July 31, 1887, situated on the east fifty feet of lot——in county addition, respectfully report that in our opinion, under the law and the facts, Mr. Randall is entitled to a rebate of $20 on tax assessed.

2. On the petition of Joseph Rothschild we report that, upon the facts therein stated, he is not entitled to the relief prayed for.

JAMES WOULFE, DANIEL SHORDON, GEO. W. ELY. } Com.

HENRY COLERICK, City Attorney.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

1. We, your special committee, to whom was referred the petition of N. G. Olds & Sons, respectfully report in favor of said petition.

2. We recommend that the street commissioner notify the owners of the southeast corner of Lafayette and Virginia streets to fill up his sidewalk to the proper grade.

W. D. MEYER, JOHN C. KENSILL, W. DOEHRMAN, P. J. SCHEID. } Com.

Sec. 1 concurred in; sec. 2 referred to street commissioner, with instructions to carry out.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON FUNDING BONDS.

We, the mayor, committee on finance and city attorney to whom was referred the ordinance for refunding the loan respectfully report: That we caused a circular letter to be printed giving necessary facts relating to the city and said proposed loan; that the mayor caused 175 of these letters to be forwarded to those in the business of loaning money and dealing in municipal bonds. To these letters answers calling for additional information and data were received from a number of the heaviest firms. Your committee after due consideration and consultation recommend that the interest on the proposed bonds be fixed at 4½ per cent., payable semi-annually, at the Third National bank, New York City, where the principal should be payable. Inasmuch as the long time bonds command the best price, we recommend that the bonds be made payable twenty-five years from the date of their delivery. We ask for instructions to at once have bonds properly prepared for delivery by October 8, 1888, as $99,000 of the debt will then be due. And that we be instructed to take all further proper action with the city treasurer to cause the said bonds to the best advantage of the city. Said bonds must be signed, sealed and delivered to the treasurer by the next regular meeting.

CHAS. F. MUHLER, Mayor. W. DOEHRMAN, H. A. READ, Fin. Com. GEO. W. ELY, HENRY COLERICK, City At. } Com.

Concurred in and committee and finance instructed to carry out.

REPORT OF CITY CLERK.

I herewith submit my report for the month of August, 1888, together with the treasurer's report for the same month:

Floating debt, August 1, 1888		$ 98 62
Issued this month as follows, viz.:		
Interest on public debt		5,127 50
Public parks		581 10
Issued for general purposes as follows, viz.:		
On account of		
Streets	$ 2,391 56	
Street lights	1,482 93	
Sewers	1,545 59	
Public grounds and buildings	5 35	
General expense	1 25	
Police	1,955 85	
Printing	676 75	
Fire department	1,270 95	
Salaries	149 00	
Committee duties	82 50	
City scales	65 00	
Assessing	1 85	
Pound	38 75	$ 9,667 33
		$ 15,474 55
Cr. by orders redeemed this month, as follows, viz.:		
On account of		
General purposes	$ 8,488 96	
Parks	605 10	
Interest on bonds	5,127 50	
		$ 14,221 56
Floating debt, September, 1, 1888		1,252 99
Clerk's balance, Dr., added to orders afloat	67,199 11	
Gives treasurer's balance cash on hand		$68,452 10

BONDED AND FLOATING DEBT.

September 1, 1887, bonded debt	$744,000 00	
September 1, 1887, floating debt	323 94	
		$744,323 94
September 1, 1888, bonded debt	$740,000 00	
September 1, 1888, floating debt	1,252 99	
		$741,252 99
		$ 3,070 95
September 1, 1888, cash on hand	$ 68,452 10	
September 1, 1887, cash on hand	54,083 58	
		14,368 52
Net decrease in 12 months		$ 17,439 47

W. W. ROCKHILL, City Clerk.

Referred to committee on finance.

REPORT OF CITY TREASURER FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1888.

Amount in treasury at close of month of July, as per report		$ 79,856 95
Received during month on		
Tax duplicate	$ 602 99	
Delinquent list	1,407 55	
Advertising fees	13 05	
Exhibition licenses	3 00	
Express wagon licenses	11 50	
Liquor licenses	200 00	
Peddlers' licenses	126 00	
Commutation of fines for keeping billiard tables	46 50	
Pound master	2 25	
City scales	136 80	
Streets, special	38 50	
Fines and fees	3 00	
Streets	117 25	
Markets	118 30	
		2,816 71
		$82,673 66
Cr. by orders redeemed on acc't of general purposes as follows:		
Sewers	371 64	
Streets	2,381 79	
Street lights	1,482 93	
Public grounds and buildings	5 35	
General expense	1 25	
Police	1,956 45	
Printing	676 75	
Fire department	1,277 20	
Salaries	149 00	
Committee duties	82 50	
Assessing	35	
City pound	38 75	
City scales	65 00	
Total general purposes	$8,488 96	
By orders redeemed for		
Parks	605 10	
Interest coupons redeemed	5,127 50	
		14,221 56
Leaves cash balance in treasury Sept. 1		68,452 10

LEDGER BALANCE AT CLOSE OF MONTH.

Cash	$ 68,452 10	
General fund	1,496 53	
		$24,375 68
Interest fund		5,121 72
Sinking fund		
Taxes refunded	16 00	
		759 41
Streets, special fund		674 00
Waterworks, special		893 37
Tax duplicate		2,934 52
Delinquent list		43 80
Publication fees		34,361 54
City hall fund		
Sewers, special	4 00	
Parks		804 50
	$ 69,968 63	$ 69,968 63

H. C. BERGHOFF, City Treasurer.

Referred to the committee on finance.

REPORT OF CHIEF OF POLICE AND CLERK.

I respectfully report that the electric lights were found not burning 180 hours during the months of July and August, 1888.

H. M. DIEHL, Chief of Police.

I respectfully report that I have deducted deducted from the electric light company's bill for the months of July and August, 1888, $9.90, 180 hours at 5½ cents per hour.

W. W. ROCKHILL, City Clerk.

Referred to the committee on gas and street lights.

REPORT OF WEIGHMASTER.

I respectfully report that I have paid the city treasurer one hundred and thirty-six dollars and eighty cents ($136.80) for the month of August, 1888.

PATRICK RYAN, City Weighmaster.

Referred to the committee on finance.

Go to Max G. Lade's to buy sporting goods. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. 1t.

The public of Fort Wayne have before them a cause worthy of their patronage in the railroad and factory The event will open Saturday next.

Bananas and Grapes.

Choice bananas 20c dozen.
Conoid grapes 4c pound.
California grapes 15c pound.
FRUIT HOUSE.

Watch for H. H. Barcus' bread wagon in the morning and get a loaf of his new make of break. It will not dry out, but will keep sweet and fresh. Please try it. 10-3t

Railroad and factory fair.

REV. D. C. WOOLPERT.

He Will Address the Ministerial Association at Spencerville, Ind.

The Fort Wayne District Ministerial association of the North Indiana conference will meet at Spencerville, Ind., on the 17th of this month and remain in session for three days. Rev. D. C. Woolpert, the pastor of the Berry street M. E. church, of this city, has been invited and will deliver the opening sermon of the association next Monbay evening.

Rev. Woolpert is one of our most able and eloquent pulpit orators. He always handles his themes in a forcible and entertaining manner, and the association, in honoring him with the delivery of the opening sermon, has placed the duty in good hands. The session of the association will be given to the discussion of matters of church policy, the social evils of the day, and other questions of interest and importance.

For the very latest improvements in fine guns and everything in hunting material go to MAX G. LADE'S. 1t

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

O. K. 23c, S. & W. 30c, can.
Large Selects for frying, 40c can.
FRUIT HOUSE.

Col. Matson as a Boy.

The following little fncident, but one that speaks well for Col. Matson when a boy, is related by Judge J. M. Johnston, while the latter was clerk of Franklin county, this state: "Court," as he was then called, one day entered the clerk's office, and, seeing a pocket-knife lying upon the floor, picked it up and inquired of the judge and others present as to its ownership. As no one claimed it, the judge suggested that "Court" keep the knife, at least till claimed by its owner. This, however, "Court" declined to do, saying he would leave the knife in the office, which he did, where the owner might readily recover his property upon making himself known, and the boy, now candidate for governor, left the office without the knife.

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

WANTED.

WANTED—The Union Central Life Insurance company desires to secure the services of a competent man to solicit in the city of Fort Wayne. Apply to U. L. Wambaugh, special agent, rooms 7 and 8, Foster block. 17tf

WANTED—A MAN OF TEMPERATE AND moral habits, seeking employment, to represent an old established house in his own section. Salary $70 to $100 per month. References exacted. SUPT. MANUFACTURING HOUSE, 32 Read street, N. Y.

INSURANCE Against

Tornadoes,
Cyclones and
Wind Storms in the following companies:
Phoenix, Brooklyn.
Home, New York.
Niagara, New York.
Springfield, Mass.
One year 50c per 100.
Three years $1 per 100.
Five years $1.50 per 100.
LUMBARD'S AGENCY,
July 14-2m 36 Calhoun Street.

LOST.

LOST.—A red Jersey cow, wearing headstall. Finder will please return her to 153 East Berry street and receive $5.00 reward.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. LUELLA M. DERBYSHIRE—Southwest corner Broadway and Jefferson. Diseases of women and children. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone No. 9. 12-tf

MARY A. WHERY, M. D., office and residence No. 26 Madison street. Special attention given to ladies. May24-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Dwelling 142 East Berry street eleven rooms, modern improvements. Apply at 142 East Berry street, or 46 Harrison street. 8-6t

FOR RENT—Two rooms in the second and four in the third stories of No. 55 East Main street. Inquire of M. Glynn. 8-4t

Free Trade!

Commencing September 15 and ending the night of September 22, upwards of 300 Men's Frock and Sack Suits, the remnants of our $25, $22, $20, $18 and $15 lines, sound and perfect, only broken in sizes, are placed on a table by thousands and offered at a

Free Trade

—OF—

TEN DOLLARS A SUIT!

SPOT CASH.

C. O. D.

Big THREE STORY BRICK at

73, 75 and 77 Calhoun St.

For Sale.

The J. M. Coombs farm, five miles north of the city, on the gravel road and St. Joe river, consisting of 100 acres, twenty-five acres in timber, balance drained and all under drained. Improvements consist of handsome new cottage farm house, two barns, two lakes and variety of fruit.

Will be sold cheap and on long time.
S. C. LUMBARD, Agent,
18-tf 36 Calhoun street.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY.

Under Schedule in Effect June 10, 1888.

Trains leave the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago station at Fort Wayne as follows:

(STANDARD TIME.)

EASTBOUND—For Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York *5:30 a. m., †1:35 p. m., *8:00 p. m., *9:00 p. m. Crestline accommodation, †7:00 a. m.

WESTBOUND—For Chicago, *5:00 a. m., †12:45 p. m., *5:00 p. m., †1:30 a. m. Chicago accommodation leaves at 6:30 a. m. For Plymouth, †4:00 p. m.

*Daily.
†Daily, except Sunday.

WABASH RAILWAY.
MAY 13, 1888.

GOING WEST.	Depart
Pacific Express, daily	5 00 a. m.
Kansas City ex. daily ex'pt Sunday	1 50 p. m.
Fast Mail, daily	8 17 p. m.
Lafayette accom	3 30 p. m.
Fort Wayne accom	10 20 a. m.

GOING EAST.	Depart
New York Express, daily	5 05 a m
Cannon Ball, except Sunday	1 50 p m
Limited Express, daily	6 25 p m
Toledo accom	3 30 p m

Fort Wayne accom arrives 10 30 p m.
Lafayette accom arrives 11 a m.

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Ft Wayne	Ar Indianapolis
5 00 a m	10 30 a m
10 20 a m	3 30 p m
1 50 p m	6 30 p m
Lv Indianapolis	Ar Ft Wayne
7 15 a m	1 40 p m
1 10 p m	6 10 p m
7 00 p m	5 00 a m

Through New York Palace sleeping cars, dining car and new free chair cars on fast mail and New York express. Free chair cars, dining car and New York and Boston sleeping car on Pacific and Limited express.

Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new reclining chair cars for Kansas City free.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.
[Fort Wayne Division.]

FROM NORTH		GOING NORTH
10 30 a m	Ar—Cincinnati Ex—Lv	
	Detroit Ex	4 40 p m
3 40 p m	—Detroit Fx	11 30 a m
5 30 p m	—Way Freight	6 40 a m

All trains daily except Sunday.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R.

GOING EAST		GOING WEST
Lv 2 00 p m	Express	Lv 2 00 p m
Lv 6 10 a m	Accommodation	Lv 6 45 p m

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.
Time Table for Fort Wayne, in Effect July, 1888.

GOING NORTH.

For Grand Rapids and North	Lv 2 30 a m
" " "	" 8 05 a m
For Grand Rapids	" 2 10 p m
From Grand Rapids	Ar 6 30 p m
From Portland	" 7 45 a m

GOING SOUTH.

For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv 5 35 a m
" "	" 1 00 p m
" "	" 11 30 p m
From " "	Ar 6 25 p m
For Portland	Lv 6 45 p m

Trains daily except Sunday.

FT. WAYNE, CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE AND WHITE WATER R. R.

The direct line to and from Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and Fort Wayne.

[Fort Wayne Time Table.]

Going South.	Arrives
5 30 a m—Ft Wayne accommodation—	10 00 a m
10 45 a m—Cin & Lo'vle mail and ex—	4 10 p m
5 00 p m—Indianapolis express—	10 00 p m

NEW ABVERTISEMENTS.

TO ADVERTISERS.

A list of 1,000 newspapers divided into States and Sections will be sent on application—FREE.

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select List.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce street, New York.

COFFEES! :-: COFFEES!

Buy Coffees roasted fresh every day. We will guarantee to give you the best in the market, at

Pyke's Grocery!

80 CALHOUN STREET!

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. XXVIII--NO. 218. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1888. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GEO. DEWALD & CO.

Go to George DeWald & Company's for New Dress Goods.

Go to George DeWald & Company's for New Prints, Ginghams, Flannels, Yarns, Etc., Etc.

GEORGE

DeWald

AND

COMPANY.

MISS ROSE ELIZABETH CLEVELAND has been greatly annoyed recently by the publication of a book on etiquette which is advertised as from her pen. The impression is produced that Miss Cleveland has viewed the contents as well as written the introduction, and authorized the use of her portrait, and it is further said that the compiler of the book is indorsed by Miss Cleveland. As a matter of fact the latter never heard of the person before, and has not authorized the use of her portrait, which was made exclusively for "The Ladies of the White House," and copyrighted with that book and separately. Miss Cleveland has protested against the use of her name in connection with a publication she never saw, but all the same the agents are traveling over the country with the book and selling it on the strength of her name.

Col. W. H. Tallmage, general Indian agent of the United States government, is in Peru effecting a final settlement with the Eel River Miami Indians of Miami county, now numbering twenty-two persons. This the last and final payment to be made to them under the treaties of August 2, 1795, August 23, 1805, and September 30, 1809, aggregating a total of $22,000 or a per capita of $846.15. Considerable trouble is being experienced regarding appointments of guardians, etc., of the children. The greatest amount to any one family is that to Lonisa Godfroy, wife of Peter Godfroy, and daughter of Shin-go quah, who received $5,076.90. This bare handful of twenty-six persons represent a once great and powerful tribe.

Ayer's Ague Cure acts directly on the liver and biliary apparatus, and drives out the malarial poison which induces liver complaints and bilious disorders. Warranted to cure. Try it.

Remember that the place to get your guns, fishing tackles and base balls is at Max G. Lade's. 1t

LAND EXCURSIONS

Via the Pennsylvania Lines.

Land Explorers' Excursion tickets, at low round trip rates, will be sold on September 11th and 25th via the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg to representative points in Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Indian Territory, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and return passage within thirty days from date of sale.

Further information can be secured by calling on or addressing the passenger or ticket agent in your vicinity of the Pennsylvania company. m&ffd

Westminster Annex.

The principals of Westminster Seminary will open a preparatory school for boys over ten years of age, Monday, Sept. 17. The special teachers of the seminary will give instruction in their branches. Boys prepared for college or fitted for business. Notice of location will be given later. For particulars inquire at the seminary. 11-tf.

Leave orders for angel food and any kind of cake, wedding or private use, and have them promptly delivered or made to order, at Barens bakery, 96 Calhoun street. 10-3t

Just received at Mergentheim's Bazaar 2,000 new Felt Hat in all the leading and newest shapes and colors at very low prices. Call and examine the immense stock of ribbons, fancy feathers, tips, plumes, etc. at Mergentheim's Bazaar, Second Floor.

THE VETERANS.

Their Encampment at Ohio's Capital —Commander-in-Chief Rea Delivers the Annual Address.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 12.—The encampment properly began this morning. The grand army of the republic, Women's relief corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., the Army of West Virginia and other brigade and regimental associations met in various parts of the city, but the encampments are strictly secret, the members only being admitted.

In the course of his annual addres, Commander-in-Chief Rea says:

March 31, 1887, the total membership of the order in good standing was 320,936, and March 31, 1888, it was 354,216, making the net gain of comrades in good standing during the year, embraced bebraced between those dates, of 33,280, an excess of 7,781 over the net gain.

The reports for the quarter ending June 30 show a gain by the muster of 12,722, and the total membership in good standing at 361,362, with a loss from delinquent reports of 6,663, all of whom, it may be assured, are in good standing in their respective posts. Omitting the loss from the delinquent reports the net gain during the last quarter was 14,109.

The reports show on June 30 there were 395,245 comrades names on the rolls to which may safely be added sufficient number out on transfer cards to swell the grand total to 400,000.

He endorsed the legislation proposed by the last encampment, which failed to pass congress, and expressed his desire for further action in the same line. During the year 4,433 comrades had died.

He continued: During the past year the reports show there was expended in charity $215,975.19. This does not include the many thousands of dollars given by the members privately in aid of the less fortunate comrades.

Other national officers submitted reports at the morning session.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

How the Vote Stood Four Years ago and Stands To-day.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 12.—The vote of Maine for governor in September and for president in November in 1884 was as follows:

GOVERNOR.	PRESIDENT.
Rep..... 77,779	Rep.....71,716
Democrat....58,070	Democrat....51,656
Greenback... 3,147	Greenback... 3,994
Prohibition.. 1,157	Prohibition.. 2,160
R plurality..19,709	R plurality..20,000

THE VOTE THIS YEAR.

The semi-official returns from all parts of the state, so far received, place the republican plurality this year at about 19,000, just an average vote.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 12.—The returns from all but a few plantations in the second congressional district give Dingley, republican, 20,719; Allen, democrat, 15,219; Eustis, prohibition, 709; Hoard, labor, 668. The republican gain is 1,743 from two years ago.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 12.—Chairman Brice, of the national democratic committee, was in the city this morning, en route to Columbus. He said: "We do not consider we lost ground in Main. The situation there was a peculiar one with the fishing question, the lumber argument and the tariff question generally. Although the state was against us we still have an increased democratic vote."

A FATAL FALL.

Mrs. Am. Miller Will Die From Severe Injuries.

Mrs. Am. Miller, an aged lady, residing out in Milan township, sustained injuries in a fall yesterday that will cause her death.

Mrs. Miller is blind and was going out into the yard yesterday when she missed her footing and feel down a stairway, inflicting fatal internal injuries.

Lafayette Man Drowned at Port Huron.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 12—Ex-Mayor Furman E. D. McGinley last night received a telegram from Port Huron announcing the drowning, this afternoon, of his son-in-law, John W. Beasley, of this city. Mr. Beasley and family went to Port Huron a couple of weeks ago for recreation. Mr. Beasley was a member of the Lafayette bar, and well known in this part of the state.

Boy Run Over and Killed.

MARION, Sept. 12.—This morning a fifteen-year-old son of John Turner was run over by a log wagon, four miles west of here, and killed.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Indiana.—Fair, except local rains on lakes. Cooler northwesterly winds.

CONVENTION DAY.

The Democrats of the Empire State Meet at Buffalo and the Greenbackers at Cincinnati.

BUFFALO, Sept. 12.—The democratic state convention was called to order at 12:50 by Edward Murphy, jr., the chairman of the state committee. The temporary officers elected were: George Raines, of Monroe, Chairman; Charles A Defreest, secretary, and Thomas F. Gilroy, Wm. E. Delaney and Joseph E. Newburger, reading secretaries.

The usual committees were appointed and a recess taken until in the evening.

There is every indication that the convention will renominate Governor Hill.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept., 12.—In response to a call the nationanal convention of the greenback party met to-day and issued an address to the American people. George O. Scnes, the delegate from New York says: "The issuing of this address will be the chief business transacted by the convention. It is not likely a ticket will be put in the field."

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—The republican state convention assembled to-day and was called to order by Chairman Barden.

Resolutions were passed recommending the adoption of just and reasonable laws to regulate the traffic and deploring the efforts of some people to prohibit the traffic.

Oliver Ames was nominated for governor.

DENVER, Sept. 12.—On the reassembling of the democratic state convention this morning Hon. F. M. Patterson was nominated for governor by acclamation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The delegates to the Liquor Dealers National protective association reassembled this morning. J. M. Atherton, of Kentucky, and C. McK. Looser, of New York, were elected president and vice-president of the association for the ensuing year.

REFUNDING BONDS.

How the Business is Transacted and by Whom.

Last night the city council passed an ordinance authorizing the refunding of $299,000 city bonds which fall due this year.

They are the railroad appropriation bonds issued by former councils. They fall due in a bunch, and, of course, it would be unjust and impolitic to pay them or collect such an amount at present from the tax payers, for the burden should fall on other generations as well as ours, for they will reap equal reward.

The present bonds draw 6 per cent. interest. Thanks to the splendid financial condition of our city affairs, the new bonds can be sold at a premium for 4½ per cent., to run twenty-five years.

The first thing is to have printed 299 lithograph bonds with interest coupons attached. The bonds are for $1,000 each and each require the signatures of the mayor and clerk fifty-one times, or 15,349 signitures in all from Mr. Muhler and Mr. Rockhill.

When duly signed Treasurer Berghoff will notify the council and it names a committee to sell the bonds on the best terms possible. Mayor Muhler has written some 200 letters to bankers and brokers and expects lively competition for the city papers.

SAM DALLY,

The Head Waiter at the Aveline House Stricken Down.

Mr. Sam Dally, the head waiter at the Aveline house, has long been in ill health.

While seated at the dinner table of the hotel to-day he was stricken with paralysis and fell helpless to the floor. He is entirely disabled, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

He is attended by Drs. Greenewalt and Porter at his room in the hotel.

Wreck on the Nickel Plate.

BELLEVUE, Ohio, Sept. 12.—A freight train wreck on the Nickel Plate road here yesterday smashed up both engines and piled up seven freight cars. Loss nearly $1,000.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Wheat firm, at 90½c. Corn firm, at 45⅝c. Oats steady, at 24¾c. Rye, 54¼c. Pork firm, at $14.40. Lard steady, at $9.95. Sepber short ribs, $8.70.

TOLEDO, Sept. 12.—Wheat, higher and steady, at 93¼@95c. Corn firm, at 40½c bid. Oats firm, at 24½c bid. Clover seed higher, at $4.95.

The people of Fort Wayne seldom have the opportunity to respond to so worthy a cause as the coming railroad and factory fair. The people who are charitably inclined will please remember it.

WASHINGTON.

The House Considering the Appropriation Bill—The President Sends in a Batch of Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The house resumed consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

President Cleveland has nominated Lambert Tree, of Illinois, new minister to Belgium, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Russia, vice George V. N. Lothrop, resigned. Edward B. Cornell is named for consul of the United States at Batavia. Howard Martin, of New York, is appointed secretary of the legation to China, and Charles K. Halliday, of Kansas, secretary of the legation to Venezuela.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

To-morrow is pay-day on the Grand Rapids road.

A contract has been let for the piping of gas to Peru.

Mr. Harry Borden returns this evening to his western home.

Supt. C. D. Law and his sons returned from the east at noon.

The presidential election takes place November 6—eight weeks from yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kuhns are moving into their new home on Fairfield avenue.

John Forbing sub-divides Hanna's out lot 13, into eight lots and has filed a plat of the same.

Contracts have been let and Wabash will have gas piped from the fields lying ten miles south of the city.

Nicholas F. Beckman sues Phillip Adair, et al., for $150, on a note. Spencer & Jenkinson are attorneys.

Mr. and Mrs. Kanay, of William street, will leave next Monday to visit their parents at Independence, O.

The funeral of Miss Gusta Schlenker occurs Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence, 51 Wells street.

The two-weeks old child of Mr. August Balls, of 94 West Main street, died last night and was buried this afternoon.

The Keg club will indulge in a clay pigeon shoot to-morrow. There is also some significance in the name of the club.

A cold and clammy prespiration stands out upon the average Huntingtonian. A tented "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe is headed for that city.

Mrs. Dora Weigh, Miss Sallie Hoine, of Altoona, Pa., and Mrs. Jennie Piper, returned from Chicago last evening after a weeks pleasant visit.

W. G. Merriman, Youngstown, Ohio; B. W. Green, St. Louis; Charles A. Clark, Logansport; J. E. Wier, Bluffton, are guests of the Aveline.

Geo. H. Viberg, as sheriff, has sold to John Orff, what is known as the old mill property, on West Main street, for $15,025. This was to clear up the title.

John F. Owens has sold to Geo. Todd lot 58 Brandriff's addition, for $700. Henry C. Hanna has sold to John Forbing lot 11, Hanna's addition, for $180.

The case of James Bush, et al., vs. Hypolite Gerardin, has been appealed from Judge Ryan to the circuit court. P. B. Colerick & H. C. Hanna are attorneys.

Mr. Frank M. Leonard, of the Gazette editorial staff, returned last night from the northwest the picture of health. Mr. Leonard is personally very popular, and was royally welcomed.

Thos. Murray, a two-months old child living at the St. Vincent's Orphan's Home, died last night. The body was sent for burial to Logansport, where the father lives.

Hon. T. B. Byrnes, Evansville, I. N. Richie and W. B. Vestal, Indianapolis, Geo. Squibb, Lawrenceburg, M. T. Skiff, in advance of W. J. Scanlan, Geo. F. Williams, Cleveland, are guests of the Wayne.

President C. J. Sosenheimer asks the democratic first voters of the Seventh ward to meet at the fire engine house up there to-morrow, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. It is to be an important meeting.

The Spy Run avenue bridge is almost ready to drive over, and will certainly be in use next Sunday. It is a great structure, and Commissioner Brannan has given every detail of its construction his personal attention.

Hon. Tom Byrnes, of Evansville, and democratic candidate for state treasurer, is in the city. He is a very popular gentleman and has as many friends in Fort Wayne as any public man in the state. Mr. Byrnes says the democratic outlook is very good. He has no doubt whatever, of the success of the ticket, and says the democrats were never in better shape than now.

THE Earl of Buckinghamshire, who by the way should not be confounded with the Duke of Buckingham, was a $15-a-month farm laborer in this country some seven years ago. He was then Lord Hobart, and so absolutely impecunious that he preferred to sink his rank and seek his living in this country to living in genteel poverty in his own.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

To Be Given for a Soldiers' Home if Cleveland's Message is for Free Trade.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept 12.—W. M. Carson, the wealthy and eccentric president of the Valley Lumber company, and a life-long democrat, is about to offer to place $10,000 in cash in the hands of Governor Rusk to be given to disabled ex-union soldiers in case a committee of three, to be composed of two republican circuit judges and one republican justice of the supreme court of Wisconsin, will say, upon due consideration, that Cleveland's last annual message is a free trade document. He will publish this offer next next Saturday in an address to the voters of the United States in New York and other leading journals.

ECHOES OF THE RAIL.

The Story of the Day's Doings Told as It Is Gathered During a Morning Round of the Busy Centers.

The Bass machine shops are still engaged in placing their new machinery.

The wheel department of the Bass works resumed operations again this morning.

G. W. Stevens, assistant superintendent of the Wabash, was in the city again last night.

The Jenney electric light works will put in a big incandescent light plant at Baltimore, Md.

Arthur Dougall, clerk at the Bass foundry, has recovered from his illness and resumed work.

The new boiler rooms of White's wheel works are now occupied and the works are running at full blast.

Mr. J. H. Studor, the well known Nickel Plate engineer, is at Columbus, O., attending the encampment.

Mr. John E. Ross, the Pittsburg ticket agent is at Cincinnati and will visit his old home at Lebanon before he returns.

C. L. Daseler, the clerk at the Pittsburg car shops, has returned from a trip to Pittsburg and Allegheny City, Pa.

James Trythall, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, has returned from a trip to Maryland and some of the eastern cities.

Engines Nos. 166, 182 and 236 were received at the Pittsburg shops yesterday for repairs and No. 200 left after being put in good shape.

Officer O'Ryan had a $2.50 hat entirely demolished by a crazy woman yesterday whom he was taking from the Pittsburg depot to the City hospital.

The convention of the brotherhood of locomotive firemen was opened at Atlanta, Ga., Monday, Grand Master Sargent presiding and 250 delegates present. Chief Arthur addressed the convention on the subject of the "Q" strike.

James McKinley, one of the Columbus excursionists jumped off train No. 4 on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway about two miles east of Ada, O., yesterday, while the train was running at full speed, sustaining injuries which may prove fatal. Discovering that he was on the wrong train was the cause of his jumping.

The boys in the shops sometimes bestow curious names on some of their employes. For instance, one of the best shots in the city, who is employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, has the high-sounding title of "Popgun Billy." He handles the gun magnificently, and always carries off a prize at the tournaments in which he participates.

Criminal Cases.

The following criminal and misdemeanor cases are fixed for trial before Judge O'Rourke:

State vs. Jacob Weil, Sept. 17.

State vs. Andrew Beard, Sept. 17.

State vs. James Barr, two cases, Sept. 18.

State vs. Edwin Herrington, Sept. 18.

State vs. Daniel Nestle, Sept. 19.

State vs. James B. Shoaff, Sept. 19.

A Word in Explanation.

THE SENTINEL is putting new type into use, and, of course, a change of dress involves some trouble and a great deal of extra work. To-morrow, however, the newspaper frock will look its best and everything will be in line.

Remember the railroad and factory fair to open next Saturday night at Princess Rink.

See my new stock of guns before you purchase. You will be highly pleased. 1t MAX G. LADE.

MR. JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY, the poet, has a curious inability to form true conceptions of distances and directions. He dreads a journey more than a child does its first step alone, and never feels sure of reaching his destination unless accompanied by a friend. Even in Indianapolis, his home for so many years, he often becomes bewildered and lost.

A ROYAL WEDDING.

The Marriage in Turin of a Royal Uncle to His Imperial Niece.

TURIN, Sept. 12.—The marriage of Prince Amadeo, duke of Aosta, brother of the king of Italy, with his niece, Princess Letitia Bonaparte, daughter of Prince Jerome Napoleon, took place yesterday in the presence of the king and queen of Italy, and various members of the houses of Savoy and Bonaparte.

The civil marriage was performed in the great hall of the royal palace before the mayor of Turin and the religious ceremonies were celebrated by Cardinal Archbishop Alimonda in the Chapel Royal of St. John. The cardinal delivered an allocution before pronouncing the nupital benediction.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mr. D. M. Miller and Mr. J. M. Moritz went to Indianapolis yesterday. Mr. Miller came home this afternoon.

Mr. Patrick Ryan, on behalf of the Catholic Knights of America, to-day paid to Mrs. Margaret Barrett, wife of the late Mat Barrett, $2,000, the amount of insurance held by her husband in that order.

Mr. Peter A. Pernot returned here last night from an extensive western tour. Mr. Pernot was in such ill health that he had to resign his position in the congressional document room. He is much improved and looks it.

Miss Augusta Schenker, the adopted daughter of Mr. Siegfried Beverforden, died last night at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Betz, 27 Wells street, of typhoid fever. She was 18 years old. The funeral occurs Friday.

Mason S. Merriman and Kate English, George F. Grand and Clara S. Doty, John A. Jones and Mary E. Watson, Russell George and Lulu Enyart, August Seiler and Catherine Belzner have been licensed to wed.

There will be a meeting at the Wayne hotel parlors to-night to organize a new fair association. The old association is practically out of existence and will never hold another fair. A new company will be formed to-night to succeed it and people who profit by its annual exhibitions should interest themselves.

The members of the Fort Wayne commandery, twenty strong, were at Huntington last evening to drill with the members down there. At the conclusion of the knightly manœuvres the visitors were royally feasted by the Huntington Sir Knights at the J. R. Slack homestead.

The Huntington Herald says: Rev. Dr. Klein, of Fort Wayne, will preach at the German Reformed church in the third ward on Sunday next. Since the audience room has been changed the church is a most attractive place to worship in. The pastor in charge, Rev. C. W. Schaff, is decidedly acceptable to the congregation.

Hon. Charles McCulloch explains that the bids for new pumping engines vary from something like $25,000 to $55,000. The engine they wanted was placed at something over $30,000. They do no give figures because in case of the rejection of all the bids it would be unjust to expose the prices to the competing companies. They have as yet not decided what to do.

Mr. G. Nieman, the well-known grocer, at the corner of Calhoun and Jefferson streets, has made some decided improvements in his business place by removing the partitions and bar fixtures in the rear end of his room. The change gives him more room for his flourishing and growing grocery trade, and the improvement is one that will be appreciated by his customers.

The Indianapolis News Record says: "Very Rev. V. A. Schnell, of Terre Haute, Hon. P. S. O'Rourke, State President C. K. of A., Messrs. Patrick Ryan, W. S. O'Rourke, James Wolfe, and K. Baker, of Fort Wayne, H. H. Schneeker, of New Haven, C. J. Eyeson, of Columbia City, Mr. Pepe, of Avilla, and Mr. Sullivan, of Covington, passed through the city on Monday, en route to Madison to attend the state convention of the Catholic Knights of America.

Bishop Taylor, the celebrated Africa missionary, left for Detroit last night. The great bishop insists that Africa is a healthy climate for workers, but it is deadly to those who neglect to take daily physical exercise. Polygamy and drunkenness are the great evils to be overcome among the natives, who are mentally acute, respect traditional laws and have a knowledge of God and a belief in future existence. Bishop Taylor teaches industrial education first as the great means of lifting the African races from the evils of heathenism to the plane of christian civilization.

For Cure of SPRAINS & STRAINS use St. Jacobs Oil Cures PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN. DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

ON MY HEAD.

The pain from Neuralgia its companion disease Rheumatism excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Ath-lo-pho-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

Williamsport, Ind., Oct. 8, 1887.
Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years, and trying almost everything, but in vain, I finally heard of Athlophoros. After taking one bottle I found it to be helping me, and after taking four bottles of Athlophoros and one of Pills, I found that I was entirely well. I think the medicine is positively a sure cure.
CHAUNCEY B. REDIDER.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec 27, 1887.
I have used Athlophoros in my family and find it to be the greatest medicine for neuralgia in existence and having had its fangs fastened upon me for the past 30 years I know whereof I speak. MRS. JULIA CHILDRES.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

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GUNS REVOLVERS. Send stamp for price list to JOHNSTON & SON, Pittsburg, Penn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Grey Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1 at Druggists.

PENMANSHIP and Typewriting, Telegraphy, Book-keeping, Banking, Penmanship, Correspondence, Arithmetic, &c. Young men and women taught to earn a living and given a thorough preparation for honorable positions. Terms reasonable. Time short. Instruction thorough. Business men supplied with competent assistants on short notice. No charges for situations furnished. Address for catalogue, Eastman College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

MARVELOUS
MEMORY
DISCOVERY.

Any book learned in one reading.
Mind wandering cured.
Speaking without notes.
Wholly unlike artificial systems.
Piracy condemned by Supreme Court.
Great inducements to correspondence classes.
Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. Hammond, the world famed Specialist in Mind diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, and others, sent post free by
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, New York.

ONLY THE BEST.
GOTTLIEB -:- HALLER
OF THE POPULAR
SOUTH - SIDE - MARKET!
Has built up a splendid trade by selecting
ONLY THE CHOICEST MEATS
Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Sausage, Etc., at both establishments,
366 Calhoun & 117 Wallace Sts.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth and the untold misery its consequent thereon. 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P.O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch St. Specialty, Diseases of Men.
Cut this out. You may never see it again.

Campaign Uniforms,
BANNERS, BADGES, ETC.
Campaign Goods of any Description.
Send for our 32 page Illustrated Catalogue. Special Inducements to the Trade.
HEINOLD BROS.
15 & 17 Market St. - Chicago, Ill.
Sept-13

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TO ADVERTISERS.
A list of 1,000 newspapers divided into States and Sections will be sent on application—FREE.
To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce street, New York.

MASONIC TEMPLE.
Wednesday, Sept. 12th.
LAY LOW! LAY LOW!
Fisher's Great Musical Extravaganza,
A COLD DAY!
Including the great comedian,
Jno. J. Lessenger,
In his specialties. The Charming Soubrette,
---CARLOTTA!---
In her songs and dances, and a strong company of singing comedians. You will laugh. Don't miss it.
Handsome -:- Costumes.
USUAL PRICES.
Prices, 25, 50 and 75c.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE FORDHAM, NEW YORK.
This college enjoys the powers of a university and is conducted by the Jesuit Fathers. It is situated in a very beautiful part of New York county between the Harlem R. & L. I. Sound. Every facility is given for the best Classical, Scientific and Commercial Education. Board and tuition per year $300. Studies re-open Wednesday, September 5th, 1888.
ST. JOHN'S HALL, a Preparatory School for Boys from 10 to 12, is under the same direction. For further particulars apply to
REV. JOHN SCULLY, S. J., Pres. of
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Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SUBSCRIPTION, per week..... 10c.

E. A. K. HACKETT, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

GENERAL HARRISON.

He Accepts the Republican Presidential Nomination, and Discusses Public Questions.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—The following is the full text of Harrison's letter of acceptance of the presidential nomination:

Hon. M. M. Estee and others, Committee:

Gentlemen—When your committe visited me on the fourth of July last and presented the official announcement of my nomination for the presidency of the United States by the republican convention, I promised as soon as practicable to communicate to you a more formal acceptance of the nomination. Since that time the work of receiving and addressing almost daily, large delegations of my fellow citizens, not only occupied all my time, but has in some measure rendered it unnecessary for me to use this letter as a medium of communication to the public of my views upon the questions involved in this campaign. I appreciate very highly the confidence and respect manifested by the convention and accept the nomination with a feeling of gratitude and a full sense of the responsibilities which accompany it. It is a matter of congratulation that the declarations of the Chicago convention upon questions that now attract the interest of our people are so clear and emphatic. There is further cause for congratulation in the fact that the convention utterances of the democratic party, if in any degree uncertain or contradictory, can now be judged and interpreted by executive acts and messages, and by definite propositions in legislation. This is especially true of what is popularly known as the tariff question. The issue can not now be obscured. It is not a contest between schedules, but between wide apart principles. Foreign competitors for our market have with quick instinct seen how the one issue of this contest may bring them advantage, and our own people are not so dull as to miss or neglect the grave interests that are involved for them. The assault upon our protective system is open and defiant. Protection is assailed as unconstitutional in law or as vicious in principle, and those who hold such views sincerely, can not stop short of an absolute elimination from our tariff laws of the principle of protection. The Mills bill is only a step, but it is toward an object that the leaders of democratic thought and legislation have clearly in mind. The important question is not so much the length of the step as the direction of it. Judged by the executive message of December last, by the Mills bill, by the debates in congress, and by the St. Louis platform, the democratic party will, if supported by the country, place the tariff laws upon a purely revenue basis. This is practical free trade—free trade in the English sense. The legend upon the banner may not be "free trade," it may be the more obscure motto, "tariff reform," but neither the banner nor the inscription is conclusive, or, indeed, very important. The assault itself is the important fact. Those who teach that the import duty upon foreign goods sold in our market is paid by the consumer, and that the price of the domestic competing article is enhanced to the amount of the duty on the imported article, that every million of dollars collected for custom duties represents many millions more which do not reach the treasury, but are paid by the citizens as the increased cost of domestic productions resulting from tariff laws, may not intend to discredit in the minds of others our system of levying duties on competing foreign products, but it is clearly already discredited in their own. We cannot doubt, without impugning their integrity, that if free to act upon their convictions, they would so revise our laws as to lay the burden of customs revenue upon articles that are not produced in this country, and to place upon the free list all competing foreign products. I do not stop to refute this theory as to the effect of our tariff duties. Those who advance it are students of maxims, and not of markets. They may be safely allowed to call their product "tariff reform" if the people understand that in the end the argument compels free trade in all competing products. This end may not be reached abruptly, and its approach may be accompanied with some expressions of sympathy for our protected industries and our working people, but it will certainly come if these early steps do not arouse the people to effective resistance. The republican party holds that a protective tariff is constitutional, wholesome and necessary. We do not offer a fixed schedule, but a principle. We will revise the schedule and modify rates, but always with an intelligent provision as to the effect upon domestic production and the wages of our working people. We believe it to be one of the worthy objects of tariff legislation to preserve the American scale of wages by an adequate discrimination of duties upon foreign competing products. The effects of lower rates and larger importations upon the public revenue is contingent and doubtful, but not so the effect upon American production and American wages. Less work and lower wages must be accepted as the inevitable result of an increased offering of foreign goods in the market. By way of recompense for this reduction of wages, and the loss of the American market, it is suggested that the diminished wages of the workingman will have an undiminished purchasing power, that he will be able to make up for the loss of a home market by an enlarged foreign market. Our workingmen have the settlement of the question in their own hands. They now obtain higher wages and live more comfortably than in any other country. They will make a choice between the substantial advantages they have in hand and the deceptive promises and forecasts of those theorizing reformers. They will decide for themselves and for the country whether the protective system shall be continued or destroyed.

The fact of the treasury surplus, the amount of which is variously stated, has directed public attention to the consideration of methods by which the national income may best be reduced to the level of wise and necessary expenditure. This condition has been seized upon by those who are hostile to protective custom duties as an advantageous base of attack upon our tariff laws. They have magnified and nursed the surplus which they affect to depreciate, seemingly for purpose of exaggerating the evil in order to reconcile the people to the extreme remedy they propose. A proper reduction of the revenues does not necessitate and should not suggest the abandonment or impairment of the protective system. The methods suggested by our convention will not need to be exhausted in order to effect the necessary reduction. We are not likely to be called upon, I think to make at present a choice between the surrender of the protective system and the entire repeal of internal taxes. Such contingency, in view of the present relation of expenditures to revenues, is remote. The inspection and regulation of the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine is important, and the revenue derived from it is not so great that the repeal of the law need enter into any plan of revenue reduction. The surplus now in the treasury should be used in the purchase of bonds. The law authorizes this use of it, and if it is not needed for current or deficiency appropriations, the people, and not the banks in which it has been deposited, should have the advantage of its use by stopping the interest upon the public debt. At least those who needlessly hoard it should not be allowed to use the fear of a monetary stringency thus produced, to coerce public sentiment upon other questions.

Closely connected with the subject of the tariff is that of the importation of foreign laborers under contracts of service to be performed here. The law now in force prohibiting such contracts received my cordial support in the senate, and such amendments as may be found necessary effectively to deliver our workingmen and women from this most inequitable form of competition, will have my sincere advocacy. Legislation prohibiting the importation of laborers under contracts to serve here will, however, afford very inadequate relief to our working people, if the system of protective duties is broken down. If the products of the American shops must compete in the American market, without favoring duties, with the products of cheap foreign labor, the effect will be different if at all, only in degree, whether the cheap laborer is across the street or over the sea. Such competition will soon reduce wages here to the level of those abroad, and when that condition is reached, we will not need any laws forbidding the importation of laborers under contract—they will have no inducement to come, and the employer no inducement to send for them. In the earlier years of our history, public agencies to promote immigration were common.

The pioneer wanted a neighbor with more friendly instincts than the Indian. Labor was scarce and fully employed. But the day of the immigration bureau has gone by. While our doors will continue open to proper immigration, we do not need to issue special invitations to inhabitants of other countries to come to our shores or to share our citizenship. Indeed, the necessity of some inspection and limitation is obvious. We should resolutely refuse to permit foreign governments to send their paupers and criminals to our shores. We are also clearly under duty to defend our civilization by excluding the alien races whose ultimate assimilation with our people is neither possible nor desirable. The family has been the nucleus of our best immigration, and the home the most potent assimilating force in our civilization. The objections to Chinese immigration are distinctive and conclusive and are now so generally accepted as such that the question has passed entirely beyond the stage of argument. The laws relating to the subject would, if I should be charged with their enforcement, faithfully executed. Such amendments or further legislation as may be necessary and proper to prevent evasions of laws and to stop further Chinese immigration, would also meet my approval. The expression of the convention upon this subject is in entire harmony with my views.

Our civil compact is government by majorities, and law loses its sanction and any magistrate our respect when this compact is broken. The evil results of election frauds do not expend themselves upon voters who are robbed of their rightful influence in public affairs. The individual, or community or party that practices or connives at election frauds has suffered irreparable injury, and will sooner or later realize that to exchange the American system of majority rule for minority control is not only unlawful and unpatriotic, but very unsafe for those who promote it. The disfranchisement of a single legal elector by fraud or intimidation is a crime too grave to be regarded lightly. The right of every qualified elector to cast a free ballot and to have it honestly counted must not be questioned. Every constitutional power should be used to make this right secure, and to punish frauds upon the ballot. Our colored people do not ask special legislation in their interest, but only to be made secure in the common rights of American citizenship. They will, however, naturally mistrust the sincerity of those party leaders who appeal to their race for support only in those localities where suffrage is free and election results doubtful, but not so the effect upon American production and franchisement where their votes would be controlling and their choice can not be coerced.

The nation, not less than the states, is dependent for prosperity and security upon the intelligence and morality of the people. This common interest very early suggested national aid in the establishment and endowment of schools and colleges in new states. There is, I believe, a present exigency that calls for still more liberal and direct appropriations in aid of common school education in the states.

Territorial government is a temporary expedient, not a permanent civil condition. It is adapted to the exigency that suggested it, but becomes inadequate, even oppressive, when applied to fixed and populous communities. Several territories are well able to bear the burdens and discharge the duties of free commonwealths in the American union. To exclude them is to deny the just rights of their people, and may well excite their indignant protest. No question of the political preference of the people of a territory should close against them the hospitable door which has opened to two-thirds of the existing states, but admission should be resolutely refused to any territory a majority of whose people cherish institutions that are a menance to our civilation, or inconsistent with a republican form of government.

The declaration of the convention against "All combinations of capital, organized in trusts or otherwise, to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens," is in harmony with the views entertained and publicly expressed by me long before the assembling of the convention. Ordinarily, capital shares losses of idleness with labor, but under the operation of trusts, in some of its forms, the wage-workers suffer loss, while idle capital receives its dividends from the trust fund. Producers, who refuse to join combinations are destroyed, and competition as an element of prices eliminated. It can not be doubted that legislative authority should and will find a method of dealing fairly and effectively with these and other abuses connected with this subject.

It can hardly be necessary for me to say that I am heartily in sympathy with the declaration of the convention upon the subject of pensions to our soldiers and sailors. What they gave, what they suffered, I had some opportunity to observe and, in a small measure, to experience. They gave ungrudgingly. It was not a trade, but an offering, and the measure was heaped up and running over. What they achieved only a distant generation can adequately tell. Without attempting to discuss particular propositions, I may add that measures in behalf of the surviving veterans of the war and of the families of their dead comrades should be conceived and executed in exact justice and of most grateful liberality, and that in competition for civil appointment honorable military service should have appropriate recognition.

The law regulating appointments to classified civil service received my support in the senate in the belief that it opened a way to a much needed reform. I still think so, therefore cordially approve the clear and forcible expression of the convention upon this subject. The law should have the aid of friendly interpretation and be faithfully and vigorously enforced. All appointments under it should be absolutely free from partisan considerations and influence. Some extensions of the classified list are practicable and desirable, and further legislation extending reform to other branches of the service to which it is applicable would receive my approval. In appointments to every grade and department, fitness, not party service, should be the essential and discriminating test, and fidelity and efficiency the only sure tenure of office. Only the interests of public service should suggest removals from office. I know the practical difficulties attending the attempt to apply the spirit of the civil service rules to all appointments and removals. It will, however, be my sincere purpose, if elected, to advance the reform.

I notice with pleasure that the convention did not omit to express its solicitude for the promotion of virtue and temperance among our people. The republican party has always been friendly to everything that tended to make the home life of your people free, pure and prosperous, and will in the future be true to its history in this respect.

Our relations with foreign powers should be characterized by friendliness and respect. The right of our people and our ships to hospitable treatment should be insisted upon with dignity and firmness. Our nation is too great, both in material strength and moral power, to indulge in bluster or be suspected of timorousness. Vacillation and inconsistency are incompatible with successful diplomacy as they are with national dignity. We should especially cultivate and extend our diplomatic commercial relations with the Central South American states. Our fisheries should be fostered and protected. Hardships and risks that are necessary incidents of business should not be increased by inhospitable exclusion from near lying ports. The resources of firm, dignified and consistent diplomacy are undoubtedly equal to a prompt and peaceful solution of the difficulties that now exist. Our neigebors will surely not expect in our ports a commercial hospitality they deny us in theirs.

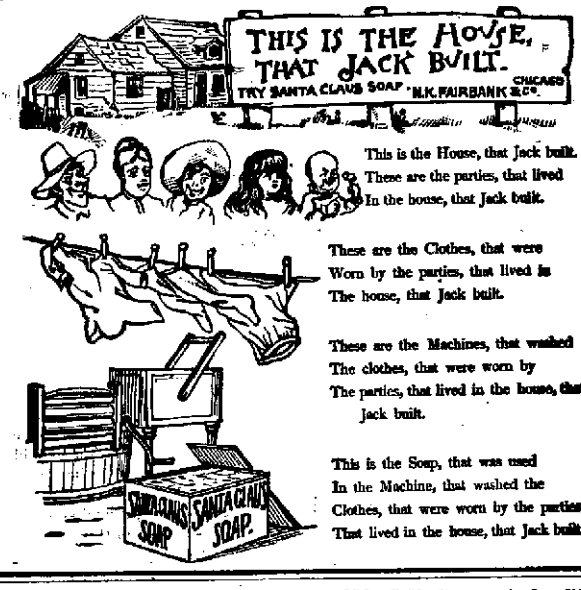
I cannot extend this letter by special reference to other subjects upon which the convention gave expression. In respect to them, as well as to those I have noticed, I am in entire agreement with the declarations of the convention. The resolutions relating to the coinage, to the rebuilding of the navy, coast defenses and public lands express conclusions to all of which I gave my support in the senate.

Inviting the calm and thoughtful consideration of these public questions we submit them to the people. Their intelligent patriotism and a good providence that made it has kept us a nation, will lead them to wise and safe conclusions.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Are you weak and weary, overworked and tired? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to purify your blood and give you strength.

WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER, of Standard Oil fame, is one of the few millio aires who makes farming pay.



This is the House, that Jack built.
These are the parties, that lived
In the house, that Jack built.

These are the Clothes, that were
Worn by the parties, that lived in
The house, that Jack built.

These are the Machines, that washed
The clothes, that were worn by
The parties, that lived in the house, that
Jack built.

This is the Soap, that was used
In the Machine, that washed the
Clothes, that were worn by the parties,
That lived in the house, that Jack built.

BIG MONEY. 5,000 AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE to supply 1-6th Million voters with the only official Lives of
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By Hon. W. U. Hensel; also, of Mrs. Cleveland; exquisite steel portraits. Voters' Cartridge Box, Reform Trade Policy, &c., complete. Agents report immense success. For best work, apply quick and make $300 to $600 a month. Outfit, 35c. JAS. MORRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

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SAVES WOMEN — SAVES CLOTHES — QUICK PROCESS — EASY WASHING
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USE JAXON SOAP — ASK your Grocer for JAXON SOAP
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NATURE HAS NO BETTER REMEDY
Than this New Compound of Tar for
Wounds, Burns, Sores, Piles, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and
Coughs, Croup, Scrofula, Ulcers, Varicose Veins, Bronchitis, and Consumption.

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TAR-OID must not be confounded with the cheap remedies which are prepared on the theory that Skin Diseases are caused by impure blood, which is not true. They have their cause in a want of vital action in the skin. TAR-OID restores this action, hence it cures every form of Skin Disease, also sores, burns, etc. It is nothing and wonderfully healing—gratifying results follow in every case. It is harmless and can be used with perfect safety by any one. It is superior to all other remedies. There is positively Nothing else like it.

TAR-OID is a sure cure for piles. It never fails. We warrant a cure or refund the money. It gives immediate relief. It is perfectly safe, yet powerful in its action.
Send for our "Good Samaritan" free.

CHICAGO'S BEST PHYSICIANS INDORSE IT.

TAR-OID has no equal for Piles and Pruritis.
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TAR-OID has a most wonderful action on the skin and has given me fine results in Coughs and Consumption.
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TAR-OID gives me perfect satisfaction in Cervical Troubles, Swellings, and Piles.
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TAR-OID CO., 73 Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill.
For Sale by Dreier & Bro., Corner Calhoun and Columbia.

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ARCHITECT.
138 - Calhoun - St.,
FORT WAYNE, - - - - INDIANA.

WEAK MEN! Debilitated through Indiscretions or Excesses, WE GUARANTEE YOU CURE by this New Improved Electric Belt & Suspensory, or REFUND MONEY. Made for this special purpose. Cure or Generative Weakness, Nervousness, Lack of Vitality, Lame Back, Kidneys, &c., resulting in Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Premature Decay, Loss of Power, Want of Development, Electricity Direct, Strength, All Weak Parts, Restoring Them to Health and Vigorous Strength. Electricity Generated in Body, Perfectly or no Pay. $5,000 in cash. Greatest Improvements ever made. Full of Lower Belts. Worn at once. Permanently cured in three months. Sealed pamphlet 4 cent stamps. SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 169 LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO.

Coal -:- Wood!
Now is the time to lay in your winter supply of coal and wood, which can be had at
Lowest - Figures!
From the Oldest Coal House in the City. Hard and Soft Coal, Cannel Coal, Riddlings, Etc., Anthracite "Loyal Stock," a specialty for grates; it burns without smoke and burns to a white ash.
WILDING & SON,
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JAMES MADDEN,
PLUMBER,
Steam and Gas Fitter,
110 Calhoun Street,
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GAS FIXTURES,
Lift and Force Pumps, Sheet Lead,
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FOR MEN ONLY. A quick, permanent cure for lost or failing manhood, nervousness, unnatural losses, lack of strength, vigor or development, caused by self-abuse, exposure, etc. Valuable book sent (sealed) free. ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

No Universal Remedy

has yet been discovered; but, as at least four-fifths of human diseases have their source in **Impure Blood**, a medicine which restores that fluid from a depraved to a healthy condition comes as near being a universal cure as any that can be produced. **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** affects the blood in each stage of its formation, and is, therefore, adapted to a greater variety of complaints than any other known medicine.

Boils and Carbuncles,

which defy ordinary treatment, yield to Ayer's Sarsaparilla after a comparatively brief trial.

Mr. C. K. Murray, of Charlottesville, Va., writes that for years he was afflicted with boils which caused him much suffering. These were succeeded by carbuncles, of which he had several at one time. He then began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles, the carbuncles disappeared, and for six years he has not had even a pimple.

That insidious disease, **Scrofula**, is the fruitful cause of innumerable complaints, **Consumption** being only one of many equally fatal. Eruptions, ulcers, sore eyes, glandular swellings, weak and wasted muscles, a capricious appetite, and the like, are pretty sure indications of a scrofulous taint in the system. Many otherwise beautiful faces are disfigured by pimples, eruptions, and unsightly blotches, which arise from impure blood, showing the need of Ayer's Sarsaparilla to remedy the evil.

All sufferers from blood disorders should give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a fair trial,—avoiding all powders, ointments, and washes, and especially cheap and worthless compounds, which not only fail to effect a cure, but more frequently aggravate and confirm the diseases they are fraudulently advertised to remedy.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

CATARRH

ELY'S

CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell

Try the Cure.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Circulars free Ely Bros., Druggists, 56 Warren st., N.Y.

HEYWOOD TRADE MARK SHOE

WE SHOOD HERE

For 25 years the name **Heywood** on a boot or shoe has been a guarantee of its honesty in material and workmanship. The **Heywood Shoe** is the best wearing and most comfortable shoe made for men's wear. They will suit you so well that you will insist upon having them afterward. The next time you buy a pair of shoes ask to see the **Heywood**.

HEYWOOD BOOT AND SHOE CO.

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For Sale by SCHIEFER & DAVENPORT.

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Thursday, September 13th.

The Great Spectacular Opera,

THE NEW

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—THE—

MAGIC QUEEN.

A large and complete dramatic and operatic company.

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MR. MONTJOY WALKER,
MR. SOL. AIKEN,
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The wonderful prima dona, Miss Vera Russell. The people's sweet singer, Miss Lucille Romaine. A perfect deluge of novelties. A complete chorus of thirty voices. Every costume new. Most gorgeous scenery ever seen, by the great artist, Henry E. Hoyt. An army of people on the stage.

Prices, 25, 50 and 75c.

Entire lower floor, 75c. Sale of seats commences Tuesday morning, Sept. 11.

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Physician and Surgeon,

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MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT rubbed in saves many a valuable Horse and Mule's limbs.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

Damp Cellars.

The most prominent causes of damp cellars are:

1. Dampness permeating the walls.
2. Dampness from saturated soil appearing below the walls.
3. Dampness from imporfect plumbing.
4. Moist ground air permeating cellar bottom, forced in by air pressure.

The first is an evidence of either poor workmanship and material or imperfect drainage. Should it be the former, and discovered in time, a compulsory removal of the work is the best remedy. A good wall (stone is here understood) should have every space completely filled. Small, flat stones make the best work when carefully bonded and fitted. Look out for walls showing nothing but large, flat stone on the outer faces, as such are often but dry concrete in the center. If the work has progressed too far to allow the wall to be taken down, the remedy is a thorough coating of cement on the outside, from grade to footing, backed by a careful drainage of the immediate vicinity. Great care is necessary to keep the surface water from the building on all sides. It will not suffice to keep it five, ten, or twenty feet away, and then allow it to cool, as the ground will absorb it, and if the strata should happen to incline in the direction of the cellar, conduct the moisture to the wall, where, although perhaps not appearing in drops on the surface, still keeping the joints damp enough to effect the atmosphere and cause the mortar to decay.

Good, clean, yellow clay, well puddled and rammed around the walls, is an excellent protection, and that should never be omitted.

Frequently, in neighborhoods thinly settled, where the sewage system is imperfect, or, rather, not completed, the ground becomes waterlogged, or so saturated with moisture as to cause any shallow excavation to collect water, and it will be noticed in such ground that after a rain all these depressions hold the water with great tenacity. In fact, the soil seems unable to absorb any more.

Cellars sank in such ground will be damp at the foot of the wall, the moisture extending out on the cellar floor, while any small knoll, caused by uneven excavation, may be perfectly dry on top, and even, as has occurred in my practice, the clay opening in seams from contraction in drying, while but a few feet away the mud was three to six inches deep. This has been noticed even in a house situated on a small plateau with rapid drainage to all sides. —*Building Trades Journal.*

A Wonderful Railroad.

When the railway was first opened between Moscow and St. Petersburg it was an object of great terror to the superstitious peasantry of Northern Russia, who thought there must certainly be some witchcraft or magic in an invention which could make a train of heavy cars run along without horses at the rate of twenty miles an hour, when the best of speed of the wagons to which they were accustomed was only three miles an hour, or four at the very out side.

Some of them would not even go within sight of a train, and made the sign of a cross whenever they heard one rattle past. Others peeped timidly over the palisade of the railway station to catch a glimpse of the fearful smoke-breathing creature, which they believed to be a living monster, and when the steam-whistle sounded they cried out, "Hear him screaming! He's hungry, and wants to eat somebody!" and took to their heels at once.

But little by little this terror began to wear away. The village priests were keen to go to and fro by train, and the simple country folk thought that what *they* did could not be wrong. By degrees the peasants themselves began to try the "smoke-wagons" too, and one day an old man named Ivan Petrovitch Masloff, who had never been out of his own village till then, made up his mind to go and have a look at "Mother Moscow," which all Russian peasants reverence as the finest city in the world, and the real capital of Russia.

Now it happened that the down express and the up express met each other at the station of Bologoe (midway between Moscow and St. Petersburg), where the passengers of both trains stopped for half an hour to have supper. Among the crowd of people that got out of the other train Ivan suddenly recognized an old friend. The two went into the refreshment-room together, had a chat over their steaming tumblers of tea and lemon juice, and then Ivan, without thinking of what he was doing, got into his friend's train instead of his own, and was soon traveling back toward the spot whence he had started.

Their talk went on merrily for a while, for Ivan's friend never thought of asking the old man which way he was going. But presently Ivan began to grow silent and grave, as if pondering something which puzzled him very much; and at length, after sitting for nearly five minutes without uttering a word, he suddenly broke out:

"Ah, Pavel Yurievitch" (Paul, son of George), "what a wonderful thing these railroads are, to be sure! Here I am going to Moscow, and here are you going to St. Petersburg, and yet we're both traveling in the same car!"—*David Ker, in Harper's Magazine.*

A Timely Correction.

"There seems to be nothing in the market," said Mrs. Hendricks, despairingly, to the Widow Jenkins, who had "just dropped in" for a moment. "I'm worried to death to know what to get for——"

"Why, ma," interrupted Bobby, who was laboriously penciling his name on the wall, "I heard you say that Mrs. Jenkins was in the market.—*Harper's Bazar.*

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT conquers SPAVINS, SCRATCHES and SCRATCHES in HORSES and MULES.

Episodes in Boston Churches.

The way in which people go unbidden to church weddings is notorious, and thereby hangs a trifling but not unamusing tale. At a recent wedding in Arlington Street Church, one of the ushers saw a lady come in who was so stylishly dressed that he immediately jumped at the conclusion that she must be a guest of importance. He accordingly offered her his arm and started down the aisle to escort her to the seats directly behind those reserved for the family of the contracting parties. Just as he neared the slip into which it was evident he meant to show her, the lady looked up and asked ingenuously:

"Can you tell me whose wedding this is?"

The usher's eyebrows contracted involuntarily.

"Certainly," he answered. "It is that of Miss Blank and Mr. That."

"Then, being a man of presence of mind, he kept coolly on down the aisle, turned, and crossed the chancel, brought the lady up the next aisle, and seated her obscurely near the door.

And speaking of Arlington Street Church reminds me that the series of vesper services held there during the winter by the pastor, the Rev. Brooke Herford, have been so well attended, and have proved of so much popular good, that about a hundred hymnals and half as many psalters have been appropriated and carried away by the visitors. A most delightful and thoroughbred old gentlemen, who is of one of the well-known old families, and whose manners are the perfection of courtesy, saw, after one of these services, a woman making off with a hymnal. He has been a constant attendant at church for half a century or more, and knew that the offender was a stranger. He spoke to her with his gentle and dignified manner, in itself so high-bred as to be a rebuke, and said:

"It was not intended that that book should be taken away, but perhaps you need it much. I hope it will do you great good.—*Boston letter.*

IT WON'T BAKE BREAD.—In other words, Hood's Sarsaparilla will not do impossibilities. Its proprietors tell plainly what it has done, submit proofs from sources of unquestioned reliability, and ask you frankly if you are suffering from any disease or effection caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The experience of others is sufficient assurance that you will not be disappointed in the result.

SORE FROM KNEE TO ANKLE.

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one third in size. Condition Hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your Cuticura Remedies, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified, and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to-day, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases.

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the Cuticura Remedies, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

IDA MAY BASS,
Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

From 145 Pounds to 172 Pounds.

I have taken several bottles of Cuticura Resolvent with all the results I could wish for. About this time last year, when commencing its use, I weighed 145 pounds, and to-day I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D. C.

NOTE.—The Cuticura Resolvent, is beyond all doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded.

Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap prepared from it externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Company Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by Cuticura Soap.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by Cuticura Medicated Soap

CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH.

No single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing the human voice, the mind,—one or more, and sometimes all, yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored, because but little understood, by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his Radical Cure has won the hearty approval of thousands. It is instantaneous in affording relief in all head colds, sneezing, snuffling and obstructed breathing, and rapidly removes the most oppressive symptoms, clearing the head, sweetening the breath, restoring the senses of smell, taste and hearing, and neutralizing the constitutional tendency of the disease towards the lungs, liver and kidneys.

Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, price $1. POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

Kidney Pains,

Strains and Weaknesses,

Relieved in one minute by that marvelous Antidote to pain, Inflammation and Weakness, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing strengthening plaster. Especially adapted to instantly relieve and speedily cure Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weakness. Warranted vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston Mass.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT cures all ailments of HORSES, MULES and CATTLE. Rub in!

Painting Babies' Faces.

A letter from Paris informs us that the doctors are again at war with silly mothers belonging to the fashionable circles. The latest fanaticism of la mode is to apply the horrors of face-painting to little children. In the public gardens babies of 3 years old may now be seen whose eyebrows have been blacked or dyed by their senseless mothers. Other anxious parents, distressed at the vulgarly ruddy and rustic hue of their children's cheeks, carefully powder them before sending them forth to meet the gaze and criticism of the world. Little coquets of 10 years are not permitted to go abroad until the regulation black stroke has been painted beneath their eyes. The doctors warn the mothers that when the children thus barbarously treated reach the age of 16 they will have a colorless and ruined complexion, to say nothing of the injury to health, which is an argument less likely to produce much effect.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A SPRING bonnet springs right off to church.—*Pretzel Weekly.*

We know of no mode of treatment which offers to sufferers from chronic diseases a more certain hope of cure than that which is comprehended in the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. For purifying and invigorating the blood, this preparation is unequaled.

All Jeffersonians of Wayne township are hereby requested to meet at Zoller & Merz on South Calhoun street, Saturday evening, Sept. 15, 1888, at 8 p. m., to make arrangements to attend the Sixth Ward democratic rally.

By order of JOHN A. KOEHLER, President.

HOPTONIC

A WONDERFUL COMBINATION OF PEPTONIZED BEEF, HOPS & MALT.

Being the ONLY KNOWN PREPARATION for Imparting PURE ALBUMEN To the Body.

It is an Absolute Cure for Nervousness, Debility and Insomnia, and wards off those Terrible Evils which are the First Stages of

INSANITY.

For Debilitated Men; for Enfeebled Women; for Delicate Children; for all who need Strength. "HOPTONIC IS A BLESSING."

Ft. Wayne Agency, Thieme & Gross, Druggists.

how is Your Baby?

Fat and happy, or lean and fretful, through insufficient nourishment?

RIDGE'S FOOD

produces bone and muscle as no other food does.

Having purchased the Real Estate office formerly owned by E. L. Craw, I am now prepared to offer bargains in choice city and town property. Also represent a number of the best Fire, Life and Accident insurance companies. Please give me a call.

EDGAR C. PRICE,

Office over 68 Calhoun street, opposite Aveline Block. Aug18-1y

A PERFECT COMBINATION

Of harmless vegetable remedies that will restore the whole system to healthy action, is absolutely needed to cure any disease "for the disease that affects one organ weakens all." Paine's Celery Compound is THIS PERFECT COMBINATION. Read the proofs!

"I have suffered terribly from nervousness and kidney trouble. I bought two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound, and oh, how it did help me! I have so much faith in your medicine, for I know what it did for me."
Ontario Centre, N. Y. MRS. J. J. WATSON.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

"For five years I suffered with malaria and nervousness. I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and I can truthfully say that five bottles completely cured me. I cheerfully recommend it, for I know it to be a good medicine."
CHAS. L. STEARNS, Letter Carrier, Station B, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CURES ALL NERVOUS DISEASES,

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Liver Complaint, Kidney Trouble, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood.

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. For the Nervous.

$1, six for $5. See that each bottle bears the Celery trade mark. The Debilitated,

$1, six for $5. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt. The Aged.

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Ceiling Decorations, Window Curtains, Window Glass,

Paints - and - Painting!

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ALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 17TH.

Address SAMUEL KAYSER, Manager.

July 25-2mo.

There are Two Distinguishing Characteristics

Which, more than anything else, have contributed to the phenomenal growth of **The Chicago Daily News**, giving it a circulation larger than that of all other Chicago dailies combined. It seems strange that the first practical, combined application of two such common sense principles in journalism should have been left to a paper as yet only twelve years old. And yet true it is that in this fact lies the real secret of the unparalleled success of **The Chicago Daily News**. Briefly stated these principles are:

First. THE DAILY NEWS
Is a daily paper for busy people.

Of all mankind the people of Chicago and the busy northwest are the busiest. And yet perhaps no equal number of people are to be found who appreciate so keenly the necessity of an intelligent knowledge of the world's daily doings. They recognize that they, more than anyone else, are the world's providers in many of the most important necessaries of life. How important, then, that they should have their daily intelligence of every event, the world over, which by any possibility can affect their diversified commercial holdings. And in all the higher interests of life where can be found a like number of people more keenly appreciative of all that contributes to progress in art, literature, science, religion, politics, and the thousand and one things which make up modern civilization.

And yet, strange to say, right here in this great, busy northwest, in its busy metropolis Chicago, there has taken place the creation and development of that most cumbrous, unserviceable, time-destroying thing, the "blanket-sheet" newspaper. With the blindness of very fatuity this monstrosity of journalism, this breeder of mental dyspepsia, has steadfastly imposed its mountain of unthreshed straw to the demand of the people for the winnowed grain of fact. It was out of the very incongruousness of such a condition of things that THE DAILY NEWS had its birth. People wanted the News,—all the news—but they demanded it apart from the overpowering mass of the trivial and inconsequential. It is because THE DAILY NEWS satisfactorily meets that demand that its circulation is over "a-million a-week."

R. M. LAWRENCE, Williamsville, Ill., says: "The 'big daily' is too much for me. Not that a person is obliged to read everything printed in the 'blanket-sheets,' but one having anything else to do doesn't have time to hunt through the long-drawn twaddle for a few grains of digestible food."

Second. THE DAILY NEWS
Is an Independent, truth-telling newspaper.

The reader can count on one hand the known newspapers whose statements in matters of politics can always be accepted as at least intentionally truthful, and commonly so in fact. On the other hand, it is the all-but-universal rule to praise one's party and candidate to the skies, and to cry down the opposition party and its candidate to the verge of the disreputable. So common have such silly and reprehensible methods in journalism become that they pass unnoticed, and are accepted as a matter of course—as an evil inseparable from practical politics. But this is only another mistake of the thoughtless. The American people are intelligent enough, thoughtful enough, fair enough to appreciate and endorse honest, truth-telling journalism—in truth to prefer it to the misleading, the truth-discoloring dishonesty of the "organ."

The demand is more and more for the fair, impartial, independent newspaper which give the reader *all the news*, and gives it absolutely free from the taint of partisan bias. This done, an expression of opinion, *based upon facts*, will commend itself to the thoughtful reader even when he may not find himself in agreement with the conclusions deduced from the premises. Disagreements are of small moment if only confidence in honesty of purpose remains. With no mere political ambition to gratify, no "ax to grind," the impartial and independent newspaper may truly be "guide, philosopher and friend" to honest men holding every shade of political faith. And this is why THE DAILY NEWS has to-day a circulation of over "a-million-a-week."

M. WYGANT, Sibley, Iowa, writes: "I am well pleased with THE DAILY NEWS, although I am a 'bred-in-the-bone' Republican with a *carpet bag experience* in the South ending in 1872. The extreme fairness of THE DAILY NEWS, giving credit where due regardless of party, meets my approval."

When to two such comprehensive elements of popularity THE DAILY NEWS now adds a third in its unparalleled price reduction to One Cent a day, it offers a combination of attractions at once unique and unapproachable by any other American newspaper, and one which will surely multiply its friends throughout the Northwest by the thousands.

The Chicago Daily News is for sale by all newsdealers at One Cent per copy, or will be mailed, postage paid, for $3.00 per year, or 25 cents per month. The farmer and mechanic can now afford as well as the merchant and professional man to have his metropolitan daily.

Address VICTOR F. LAWSON, Publisher The Daily News, Chicago.

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MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, used vigorously in daily Swimmers, Cuts, Galls, Sore Backs, Sprains, Bruises, Etc.

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MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, for Man and Beast. Greatest Curative discovery ever made.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT should always be kept in House, Stable and Factory.

OPENING SALE !

—OF—

All Wool and Silk Warp

HENRIETTAS!

Henriettas, you know, is now the most popular of all dress stuffs and is specially noted for its soft, even finish, its strength, flexibility, luster and durability. The advantage the silk warp has over the all wool is the added strength and beauty of the cloth and the effectiveness in draping.

Be Sure !

To see the new lines of these—We are now showing in all the

NEW FALL SHADES.

Note Particularly !

—THE—

Silk Warp Henrietta !

At 75c and $1.00.

Henriettas at 50c, 65c—46 Inches Wide.

Root & Company

The Sixth Ward Democrats in Line.

A grand democratic rally is to be given under the auspices of the Sixth ward Jeffersonian club on Monday evening, September 17, 1888, at the Herrington block. Hon. C. A. O. McClellan and others will be present and discuss the issues of the day:

The officers of the evening are announced as follows by Mr. H. F. France:

President—Louis Fox.

Vice presidents—James O'Herl, John A. Schwartz, Patrick Toohey, John Grable, Sr., John Houlihan, William Reinewald, Sr., Patrick McCarthy, Christian Laible, Mat Lynch, Charles Degits, James McCarthy, Gottlieb Epple, William Jackson, Michael Finney, George Dewald, Thomas Hayes, Nicholas Petgen, William Gaffney, August Boverforden, Sr., Michael Woulfe, Joseph Merz, Thomas W. Ahern, Hiram Huff, Lawrence Markey, Dennis O'Connor, John McCann, Rudolph Kabish and Ambrose Donnelly.

The Jeffersonian and Hendricks clubs and citizens are invited to be present.

I am headquarters for sporting goods of every variety.

1t MAX G. LADE.

Miss Ida Kellogg is at Chicago pursuing her studies in Central Music hall, but will be in Fort Wayne from Saturday to Wednesday of each week at the residence of Mr. Frank Alderman, 803 West Washington street.

At Last.

The injunction case of A. C. Trentman and others against the Western Union Telegraph company to restrain them from repairing their telegraph line on Calhoun street, will be heard by by Judge Olds, at Columbia City, next Tuesday.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Rev. R. M. Barnes is at Chicago.

"A Cold Day" is the attraction at the Temple to-night.

Mrs. John E. Ross is visiting friends at Lebanon, Ohio.

The Huntington county fair commences Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Mrs. Mary Williams left last evening to visit friends at Denver, Col.

Mrs. C. L. Morris and children are visiting relatives at Columbia, Ohio.

Mr. Chas. Centlivre and Mr. F. Franks went to Detroit this morning.

Rev. James Greer, of the Warsaw M. E. district, has been in the city for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Morris, of West Berry street, returned from the east this morning.

Mr. Theodore Meyer will leave to-morrow to resume his studies at Harvard university.

Supt. G. W. Stevens and Mr. J. Shaw Stevens, of the Wabash, were in the city last night.

Mr. G. W. Seavy is moving a portion of his extensive hardware stock into his new store room on West Main street.

W. J. Scanlan, the greatest living Irish comedian will produce "The Irish Minstrel" at the Temple, Monday, Sept. 17th.

Rev. R. Toby, the pastor of the M. E. church at Richmond, Ind., is in the city this week and will probably remain over Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Brown has been transferred from charge of the African M. E. church in this city and Rev. C. F. Hill succeeds him.

The council proceedings elsewhere are interesting to all taxpayers. The bills, petitions, and committee reports make substantial reading.

Miss May Trentman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Trentman, left to-day for the convent at St. Mary's of the Woods to resume her studies.

Alois Richbone, a glass blower, will have a trial to-morrow, before Mayor Muhler for creating a disturbance at Dan Smith's saloon, on Broadway.

Mr. Byron Hattersley has a large force of men at work making the water main extension contracted for. The Williams street pipe line now comes in for attention.

Judge C. A. O. McClellan spoke at Freemont last evening, and will address the democrats at Metz to-night. The judge is making a great canvass for congress.

The grand spectacular opera, "Zo Zo," will be produced at the Temple to-morrow evening, with all its magnificent scenery and mechanical effects. Seats are now on sale.

Sheriff Viberg still holds John A. Kinney to await the arrival of the sheriff from Steubenville, Ohio, and a requisition. Kinney is the crook arrested here by the sheriff and his deputy, Mr. Wilkinson.

Ed. Cunningham was sent to jail by the mayor for drunkenness this morning. His honor ordered an unfortunate old man sent to Decatur and Marshal Meyer procured railroad transportation for him.

The teachers' meeting held in the Y. M. C. A. every Thursday evening for the study of the Sunday school lesson has been changed this week to Friday evening at 7:45, city time. Teachers, please take notice.

The Ministerial association of the local preachers of Northern Indiana, which was in session here this week, re-elected Dr. C. B. Siemen, president, and transacted business of interest to the Fort Wayne Methodist college.

John Ahler has been returned from the state insane asylum as cured. He will be recalled as a former employe of the Bass foundry, who lived on Broadway. His family have since moved to Ohio, and Sheriff Viberg will assist Ahler to reach them.

The late John G. Kellar, who was killed in a railroad accident in Iowa was a member of the Eleventh Indiana battery and served three years. Should the remains be brought here the surviving members of the battery will turn out and escort the remains of their late comrade to his last resting place.

Newton E. Cook, of Andrews, republican candidate for joint representative of Allen and Huntington counties, was in the city yesterday. Mr. C. A. Bookwalter, the pleasant secretary of the state printing bureau, was with Mr. Cook, to paint the political skies a bright red. Mr. Bookwalter is said to be preparing a speech on Congressman White's resolution to stop the constitution and Fourth of July celebrations.

Harvey M. LaFollette, superintendent of public instructions, has issued the outlines for township institute work for 1888-9, and is sending them to the various county superintendents. The outlines have been prepared by a committee, including a number of the most experienced and practiced superintendents in the state, and it is believed that they will prove practical and valuable to teachers, and that they will form an additional step in the advancement and uniform organization of the public schools of Indiana.

The Fort Wayne Rifles elected the following officers last night: Captain, Frank W. Rawles; first lieutenant, H. W. Lepper, second lieutenant, I. W. Leonard; orderly sergeant, J. E. Dalton; second sergeant, J. E. Miller, third sergeant, C. D. Bourie; fourth sergeant, Will Peltier; fifth sergeant, Fred Markey; first corporal, Charles Bulger; second corporal, Walter Wells; third corporal, Joseph Evans; fourth corporal, Frank Snyder; company clerk, Will Kerr; president, William Bidwell; secretary, Charles Bulger; treasurer, Henry Lepper.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

It Held a Very Important Meeting Last Night—The Proceedings in Full.

The common council of the City of Fort Wayne met in the council chamber, Tuesday evening, September 11, A. D., 1888, in regular session, his honor, Mayor Muhler, in the chair, and present the following members, viz:

Councilmen Bandt, Doehrman, Ely, Hazzard, Hilbrecht, Kelker, Meyer, Reed, Schetd, Shordon, Smith, Wessel, Woulfe and Williams.

Absent—Councilmen Hulber, Huser, Rendil and Schmueckle.

The minutes of the last regular session having been delivered to the councilman were, on motion, approved as published.

BILLS.

The following bills were on motion allowed:

Street commissioner's pay roll	$366 11
Henry C. Bergholt, (money advanced)	52 83
Charles M. Becker	12 00
Little & Morrison	4 30
Hessert & Greibel	1 25
Gibson, Parish & Co.	25 03
Gibson, Parish & Co.	2 45
Meyer Bros. & Co.	7 60
Ella Thieme	3 50
Paul E. Wolf	3 50
David Tagtmoyer	93 45
L. Diether	85 52
Park pay roll	100 00
Fred Becker & Bro.	4 00
S. Bash & Co.	2 40

The bill of the N. Y., C. & St. L. R. R. of $135.49 for work on the Walton Avenue sewer, was referred to the finance committee, city attorney and mayor.

The bill of the Pennsylvania railroad company of $181 for cinders, was referred to the committee on parks.

The bills of Horace Merriott of $7.50 for buggy broken by hook and ladder truck, was referred to the fire commissioners and city attorney.

Patrick McCarthy and others remonstrated against vacating Prince street. Referred to the committee on streets and city attorney.

J. R. Thompson et al. remonstrated against grading Grant avenue. Referred to the committee on streets and city attorney.

C. Trammel et al. asked for an extension of the water mains on Hanna street to Pontiac street. Referred to the water works committee.

M. N. Webber directed attention to the necessity of procuring and inviting natural gas and advised that the natural gas ordinance be modified to satisfy capitalists. Received and filed.

A number of merchants of the city asked that the license for peddlers doing business in the city be increased from its present rate. Referred to the committee on rules, regulations and ordinances, markets and city attorney.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

We have checked off and destroyed city orders and coupons for the month of July to the amount of sixteen thousand, seven hundred and three dollars and twenty-four cents ($16,703.24).

W. DOEHRMAN, H. A. READ, GEO. W. ELY, } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON STREETS.

1. Contract of Geo. Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the north side of Berry street, bordering on lots 526 and 527 Hanna's addition.

2. Contract of John McCann to grade the alley between St. Mary avenue and Franklin avenue, from Abolt to Lake street.

3. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick the south side of Suttenfield street, from Lafayette to Hanna street.

4. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the west side of Hanna street, from High to Eliza street.

5. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick the north side of Pritchard street, from Van Buren to Jackson street.

6. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick both sides of Clark street, from High street to the north line of said street.

7. Contract of George Ehrman to grade and pave with brick both sides of Swinney avenue from the east line of Swinney's addition to Nelson street.

8. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick the north side of Samuel street, from John to Smith street.

9. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick both sides of Samuel street, from Hanna to John street.

10. Contract of John Bertels to grade and pave with brick the south side of Washington street, from Wabash avenue to Glasgow avenue.

11. Contract of John McCann to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Glasgow avenue, bordering on lot No. 101 White's first addition.

12. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Kensell to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Hanna street, bordering on lots No. 86, 46 and 44 Lewis addition.

13. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Neat to grade and pave with brick the sidewalk on the west side of Wells street, from the brick sidewalk now constructed to St. Mary's river bridge.

14. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Wessel to grade and pave with brick the sidewalks on both sides of Wallace street, from Lafayette to Monroe street.

15. In reference to the resolution of Councilman Schmueckle to grade and pave with cedar blocks Clinton street, from Main to Columbia street, we report adverse. We believe the session has advanced too far to commence more street improvements, but recommend that that part of the street be improved early in the spring.

16. In favor of resolution of Councilman Ely to gravel and grave the alley between Washington and Jefferson street, from Griffith to Fulton street.

JNO. WESSEL, JR., H. A. READ, H. HILBRECHT, } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF POUND COMMITTEE.

We, your committee on pound respectfully report having examined the pound-master's report for the month of July, and find the same correct and to agree with the treasurer's books.

JOHN SMITH, P. J. SCHEID, } Com.

REPORT OF STREET COMMITTEE.

1. We have awarded the contract to John Bertels for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Williams street and Masterson street from Clinton street to the first alley east of Calhoun street.

2. We have awarded the contract to John Bertels for an 18-inch sewer on Webster street and in the alley between Creighton avenue and Tuber street.

3. We have awarded the contract to Joseph Derheimer for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Calhoun street and Harrison street from the alley between Creighton avenue and Tabor street to Pontiac street.

4. We have awarded the contract to Joseph Derheimer for a 15-inch sewer in the alley between Wayne street and Washington street from Griffith street to the center of lot 5, block 25, Irving's addition.

5. In the matter of the petition of Neal McLachlan and others, asking that the city refund to them their assessment on the Clay street sewer, we recommend that said petition be referred to the city attorney.

6. In favor of the resolution of Councilman Bandt to readvertise for proposals for constructing a 30-inch single ring brick sewer in the alley between Fairfield avenue and Pine street.

7. In relation to the contract referred to us for constructing an 18-inch inch sewer in the alley between John street and Gay street from Horace street to Creighton avenue, we report that there cannot be money enough got out of property to pay for said sewer, as the price bid for the same, in our opinion, is too high, and we recommend that said contract be not approved and that the city engineer be instructed to readvertise for sealed proposals for said sewer.

LOUIS HAZZARD, P. J. SCHEID, } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON WATER WORKS.

We, your committee on water works, to whom was referred the report of the water works trustee respectfully report, in regard to the wells system that it is a success, and we recommend that the water works trustees continue the good work of constructing additional wells. If they find it necessary to do so, and report the progress of said work to the council from time to time.

P. J. SCHEID, H. A. READ, W. DOEHRMAN, GEO. W. ELY, } Com.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENT AND TAXES AND CITY ATTORNEY.

We, your committee on assessment and taxes, with the city attorney, to whom was referred the petition and affidavit of Mr. Perry A. Randall asking for a rebate of taxes on a building destroyed by fire on July 31, 1887, situated on the east fifty feet of lot ——in county addition, respectfully report that in our opinion, under the law and the facts, Mr. Randall is entitled to a rebate of $30 on tax assessed.

2. On the petition of Joseph Rothschild we report that, upon the facts therein stated, he is not entitled to the relief prayed for.

JAMES WORTLEY, DANIEL SHORDON, GEO. W. ELY, } Com.

HENRY COLERICK, City Attorney.

Concurred in.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

1. We, your special committee, to whom was referred the petition of N. G. Olds & Sons, respectfully report in favor of said petition.

2. We recommend that the street commissioner notify the owners of the southeast corner of Lafayette and Virginia streets to fill up his sidewalk to the proper grade.

W. D. MEYER, JOHN C. KENSELL, W. DOEHRMAN, P. J. SCHEID, } Com.

Sec. 1 concurred in; sec. 2 referred to street commissioner, with instructions to carry out.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON FUNDING BONDS.

We, the mayor, committee on finance and city attorney to whom was referred the ordinance for refunding the loan respectfully report: That we caused a circular letter to be printed giving necessary facts relating to the city and said proposed loan; that the mayor caused 175 of these letters to be forwarded to those in the business of loaning money and dealing in municipal bonds. To these letters answers calling for additional information and data were received from a number of the heaviest firms. Your committee after due consideration and consultation recommend that the interest on the proposed bonds be fixed at 4½ per cent., payable semi-annually, at the Third National bank, New York city, where the principal should be payable. Inasmuch as the long time bonds command the best price, we recommend that the bonds be made payable twenty-five years from the date of their delivery. We ask for instructions to at once have bonds properly prepared for delivery by October 8, 1888, as $99,000 of the debt will then be due. And that we be instructed to take all further proper action with the city treasurer to cause the said bonds to the best advantage of the city. Said bonds must be signed, sealed and delivered to the treasurer by the next regular meeting.

CHAS. E. MUHLER, Mayor. W. DOEHRMAN, H. A. READ, GEO. W. ELY, } Fin. Com. HENRY COLERICK, City At. } Com.

Concurred in and committee and finance instructed to carry out.

REPORT OF CITY CLERK.

I herewith submit my report for the month of August, 1888, together with the treasurer's report for the same month:

Floating debt, August 1, 1888		$ 98 62
Issued this month as follows, viz.:		
Interest on public debt		5,127 50
Public parks		681 10
Issued for general purposes as follows, viz.:		
On account of		
Streets	$ 2,291 56	
Street lights	1,482 93	
Sewers	1,548 99	
Public grounds and buildings	5 25	
General expense	1 25	
Police	1,265 65	
Printing	676 75	
Fire department	1,277 20	
Salaries	149 00	
Committee duties	82 50	
City scales	65 00	
Pound	38 75	$ 9,007 83
		$ 15,474 55
Cr. by orders redeemed this month, as follows, viz.:		
On account of		
General purposes	$ 8,488 96	
Parks	605 10	
Interest on bonds	5,127 50	
		$ 14,221 56
Floating debt, September 1, 1888		1,252 99
Clerk's balance, Dr., added to orders afloat	67,199 11	
Gives treasurer's balance cash on hand		$68,452 10

BONDED AND FLOATING DEBT.

September 1, 1887, bonded debt	$744,000 00	
September 1, 1887, floating debt	323 04	
		$744,323 04
September 1, 1888, bonded debt	$740,000 00	
September 1, 1888, floating debt	1,252 99	
		$741,252 99
		$ 3,070 05
September 1, 1888, cash on hand	$ 68,452 10	
September 1, 1887, cash on hand	54,083 99	
		14,368 52
Net decrease in 12 months		$ 17,439 47

W. W. HOCKHILL, City Clerk.

Referred to committee on finance.

REPORT OF CITY TREASURER FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1888.

Amount in treasury at close of month of July, as per report		$ 79,856 26
Received during month on		
Tax duplicate	$ 602 99	
Delinquent list	1,407 85	
Advertising fees	13 05	
Exhibition licenses	3 00	
Express wagon licenses	11 50	
Liquor licenses	200 00	
Peddlers' licenses	136 00	
Commutation of fines for keeping billiard tables	46 50	
Pound master	2 25	
City scales	135 00	
Streets, special	28 50	
Fines and fees	3 00	
Streets	117 27	
Markets	118 30	
		2,816 71
		$82,673 00
Cr. by orders redeemed on acct. of general purposes as follows:		
Sewers	771 64	
Streets	2,381 79	
Street lights	1,482 93	
Public grounds and buildings	5 25	
General expense	1 25	
Police	1,265 65	
Printing	676 75	
Fire department	1,277 20	
Salaries	149 00	
Committee duties	82 50	
Assessing	35	
City pound	38 75	
City scales	65 00	
Total general purposes	$8,488 96	
By orders redeemed for Parks	605 10	
Interest coupons redeemed	5,127 50	
		14,221 56
Leaves cash balance in treasury Sept. 1		68,452 10

LEDGER BALANCE AT CLOSE OF MONTH.

Cash	$ 68,452 10	
General fund	1,496 58	
Interest fund		424,375 68
Sinking fund		5,121 72
Taxes refunded	16 00	
Streets, special fund		759 43
Waterworks, special		674 00
Tax duplicate		893 37
Delinquent list		2,024 52
Publication fees		43 80
City bait fund		34,301 54
Sewers, special	4 00	
Parks		804 59
	$ 69,968 63	$ 69,968 63

H. C. BERGHOFF, City Treasurer.

Referred to the committee on finance.

REPORT OF CHIEF OF POLICE AND CLERK.

I respectfully report that the electric lights were found not burning 180 hours during the months of July and August, 1888.

H. M. DIEHL, Chief of Police.

I respectfully report that I have deducted deducted from the electric light company's bill for the months of July and August, 1888, $9.50, 180 hours at 5½ cents per hour.

W. W. ROCKHILL, City Clerk.

Referred to the committee on gas and street lights.

REPORT OF WEIGHMASTER.

I respectfully report that I have paid the city treasurer one hundred and thirty-six dollars and eighty cents ($136.80) for the month of August, 1888.

PATRICK RYAN, City Weighmaster.

Referred to the committee on finance.

Go to Max G. Lade's to buy sporting goods. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. 1t.

The public of Fort Wayne have before them a cause worthy of their patronage in the railroad and factory. The event will open Saturday next.

Bananas and Grapes.

Choice bananas 20c dozen.
Concord grapes 4c pound.
California grapes 15c pound.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Watch for H. H. Barents' bread wagon in the morning and get a loaf of his new make of bread. It will not dry out, but will keep sweet and fresh. Please try it. 10-3t

Railroad and factory fair.

REV. D. C. WOOLPERT.

He Will Address the Ministerial Association at Spencerville, Ind.

The Fort Wayne District Ministerial association of the North Indiana conference will meet at Spencerville, Ind., on the 17th of this month and remain in session for three days. Rev. D. C. Woolpert, the pastor of the Berry street M. E. church, of this city, has been invited and will deliver the opening sermon of the association next Monday evening.

Rev. Woolpert is one of our most able and eloquent pulpit orators. He always handles his themes in a forcible and entertaining manner, and the association, in honoring him with the delivery of the opening sermon, has placed the duty in good hands. The session of the association will be given to the discussion of matters of church policy, the social evils of the day, and other questions of interest and importance.

For the very latest improvements in fine guns and everything in hunting material go to MAX G. LADE'S. 1t

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

O. K. 23c, S. & W. 30c, can.
Large Selects for frying, 40c can.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Col. Matson as a Boy.

The following little incident, but one that speaks well for Col. Matson when a boy, is related by Judge J. M. Johnston, while the latter was clerk of Franklin county, this state: "Court," as he was then called, one day entered the clerk's office, and, seeing a pocket-knife lying upon the floor, picked it up and inquired of the judge and others present as to its ownership. As no one claimed it, the judge suggested that "Court" keep the knife, at least till claimed by its owner. This, however, "Court" declined to do, saying he would leave the knife in the office, which he did, where the owner might readily recover his property upon making himself known, and the boy, now candidate for governor, left the office without the knife.

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

WANTED.

WANTED—The Union Central Life Insurance company desires to secure the services of a competent man to solicit in the city of Fort Wayne. Apply to U. L. Wambaugh, special agent, rooms 7 and 8, Foster block. 17tf

WANTED A MAN OF TEMPERATE AND moral habits, seeking employment, to represent an old established house in his own section. Salary $76 to $100 per month. References exacted. Stpr. MANUFACTURING HOUSE, 32 Read street, N. Y.

INSURANCE Against

Tornadoes,
Cyclones and
Wind Storms in the following companies:
Phoenix, Brooklyn.
Home, New York.
Niagara, New York.
Springfield, Mass.
One year 50c per 100.
Three years $1 per 100.
Five years $1.50 per 100.

LUMBARD'S AGENCY, July 14-2m 36 Calhoun street.

LOST.

LOST.—A red Jersey cow, wearing headstall. Finder will please return her to 153 East Berry street and receive $5.00 reward.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. LUELLA M. DERBYSHIRE—Southwest corner Broadway and Jefferson. Diseases of women and children. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone No. 9. 12tf

MARY A. WHERY, M. D., office and residence No. 25 Madison street. Special attention given to ladies. May24-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Dwelling 142 East Berry street, eleven rooms, modern improvements. Apply at 142 East Berry street, or 36 Harrison street. 8-6t.

FOR RENT—Two rooms in the second and four in the third stories of No. 55 East Main street. Inquire of M. Glynn. 8-1t

Free Trade!

Commencing September 15 and ending the night of September 22, upwards of 300 Men's Frock and Sack Suits, the remnants of our $25, $22, $20, $18 and $15 lines, sound and perfect, only broken in sizes, are placed on a table by thousands and offered at a

Free Trade

—OF—

TEN DOLLARS A SUIT!

SPOT CASH.

C. O. D.

Big THREE STORY BRICK at

73, 75 and 77 Calhoun St.

For Sale.

The J. M. Coombs farm, five miles north of the city, on the gravel road and St. Joe river, consisting of 100 acres, twenty-five acres in timber, balance drained and all under drained. Improvements consist of handsome new cottage farm house, two barns, two lakes and variety of fruit.

Will be sold cheap and on long time.

S. C. LEONARD, Agent, 18-tf 36 Calhoun street.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY.

Under Schedule in Effect June 10, 1888.

Trains leave the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago station at Fort Wayne as follows:

(STANDARD TIME.)

EASTBOUND—For Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York *3:30 a. m., 11:25 p. m., *3:00 p. m., *9:00 p. m. Crestline accommodation, 12:50 a. m.

WESTBOUND—For Chicago, *3:30 a. m., 12:45 p. m., *5:00 p. m., *1:30 a. m. Chicago accommodation leaves at 6:30 a. m. For Plymouth, 4:00 p. m.

*Daily.
‡Daily, except Sunday.

WABASH RAILWAY.

MAY 13, 1888.

GOING WEST.	Depart.
Pacific Express, daily	5 00 a. m.
Kansas City ex. daily ex'pt. Sunday	1 50 p. m.
Fast Mail, daily	8 17 p. m.
Lafayette accom	3 30 p. m.
Fort Wayne accom	10 20 a. m.

GOING EAST.	Depart.
New York Express, daily	5 05 a m
Cannon Ball, except Sunday	1 56 p m
Limited Express, daily	6 25 p m
Toledo accom	8 30 p m

Fort Wayne accom arrives 10 30 p m, Lafayette accom arrives 11 a m.

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Ft Wayne	Ar Indianapolis
5 00 a m	10 30 a m
10 20 a m	3 30 p m
1 50 p m	6 30 p m
Lv Indianapolis	**Ar Ft Wayne**
7 15 a m	1 40 p m
1 10 p m	6 10 p m
7 00 p m	5 00 a m

Through New York Palace sleeping cars, dining car and new free chair cars on fast mail and New York express. Free chair cars, dining car and New York and Boston sleeping car on Pacific and Limited express.

Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new reclining chair cars for Kansas City free.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.

[Fort Wayne Division.]

FROM NORTH		GOING NORTH
10 30 a m	Ar—Cincinnati Ex	Lv
	Detroit Ex	" 4 40 p m
3 40 p m	"—Detroit Ex	" 11 30 a m
5 30 p m	"—Way Freight	" 6 40 a m

All trains daily except Sunday.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R.

GOING EAST		GOING WEST
Lv 2 00 p m	Express	Lv 2 00 p m
Lv 6 10 a m	Accommodation	Lv 6 45 p m

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

Time Table for Fort Wayne, in Effect July, 1888.

GOING NORTH.

For Grand Rapids and North	Lv 2 30 a m
" " "	" 8 05 a m
For Grand Rapids	" 2 10 p m
From Grand Rapids	Ar 6 50 p m
From Portland	" 7 15 a m

GOING SOUTH.

For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv 5 35 a m
" " "	" 1 00 p m
" " "	" 11 30 p m
From " "	Ar 6 35 p m
For Portland	Lv 6 45 p m

Trains daily except Sunday.

FT. WAYNE, CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE AND WHITE WATER R. R.

The direct line to and from Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and Fort Wayne.

[Fort Wayne Time Table.]

Going South.	Arrives—
5 30 a m—Ft. Wayne accommodation	—10 00 a m
10 45 a m—Cin & Louis mail and ex—	4 10 p m
5 00 p m—Indianapolis express	—10 00 p m

NEW ABVERTISEMENTS.

TO ADVERTISERS.

A list of 1,000 newspapers divided into States and Sections will be sent on application—FREE.

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York.

COFFEES ! :-: COFFEES !

Buy Coffees roasted fresh every day. We will guarantee to give you the best in the market, at

Pyke's Grocery !

80 CALHOUN STREET !